

Charge and spin fractionalization beyond the Luttinger liquid paradigm

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Quantum Dynamics in Far from Equilibrium Thermally Isolated Systems

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KITP - Santa Barbara

Introduction and motivation

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Luttinger-liquid and spin-charge separation

F. D. M. Haldane, *J. Phys. C* 14, 2585 (1981)

T. Giamarchi, *Quantum Physics in One Dimension*. Clarendon, Oxford (2006)

$$H = -t \sum_{i,\sigma} \left(c_{i,\sigma}^\dagger c_{i+1,\sigma} + \text{h.c.} \right) + U \sum_i n_{i,\uparrow} n_{i,\downarrow}$$

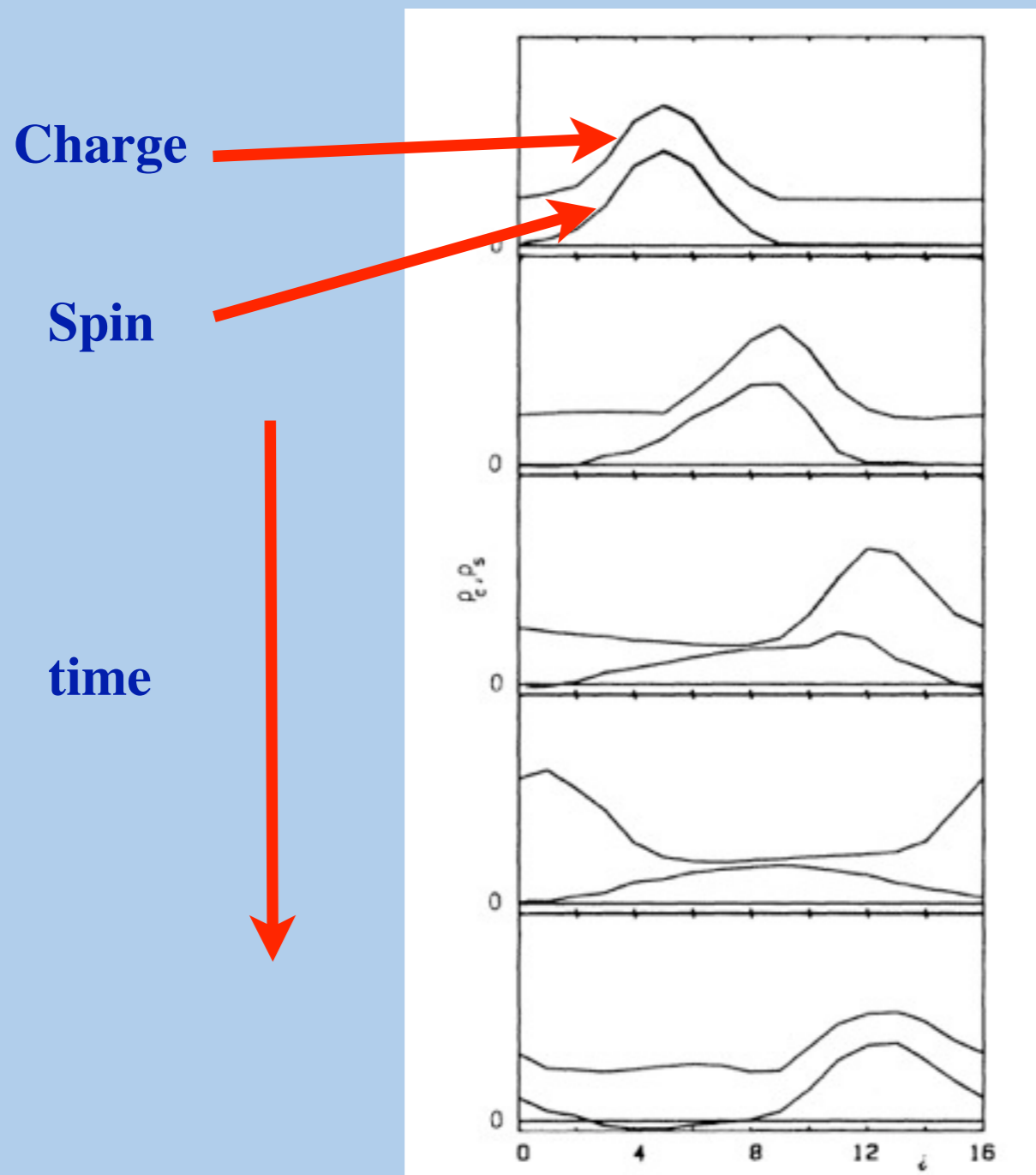


Low energy, long wavelength limit

$$H = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{\mu=\rho,\sigma} \int dx \left\{ u_\mu K_\mu [\pi \Pi_\mu(x)]^2 + \frac{u_\mu}{K_\mu} [\nabla \phi_\mu(x)]^2 \right\}$$

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Spin-charge separation



Hubbard model - $U/t = 10$

Beyond the asymptotic low energy,
long wavelength limit

$$\frac{v_c}{v_s} \simeq 3$$

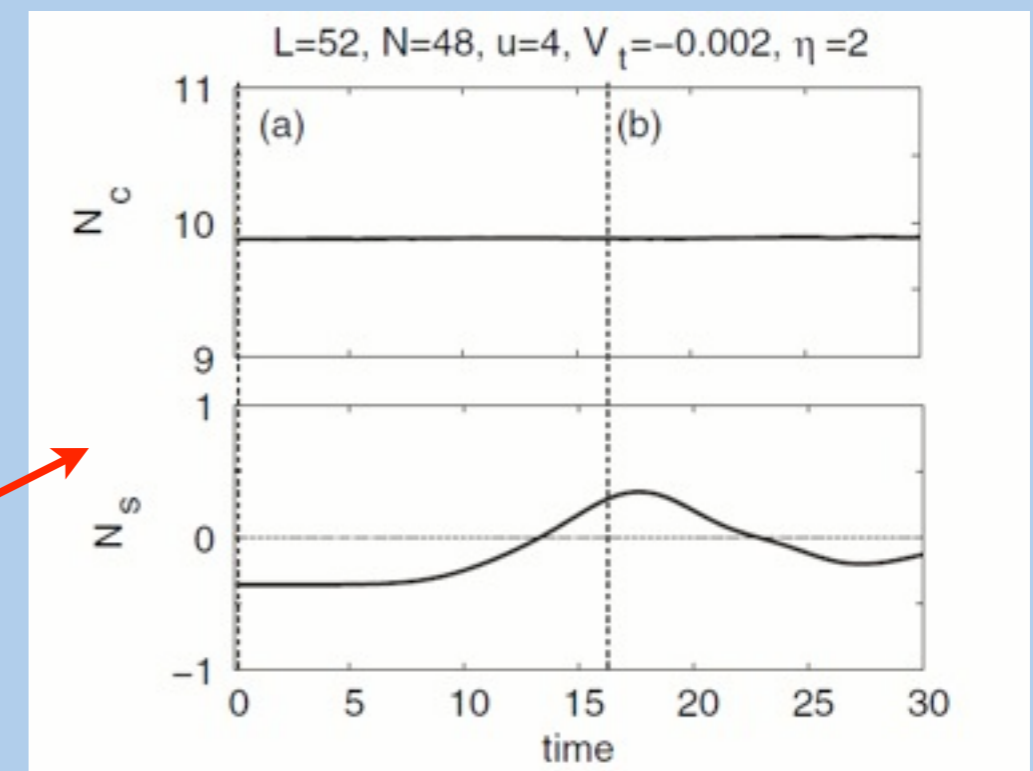
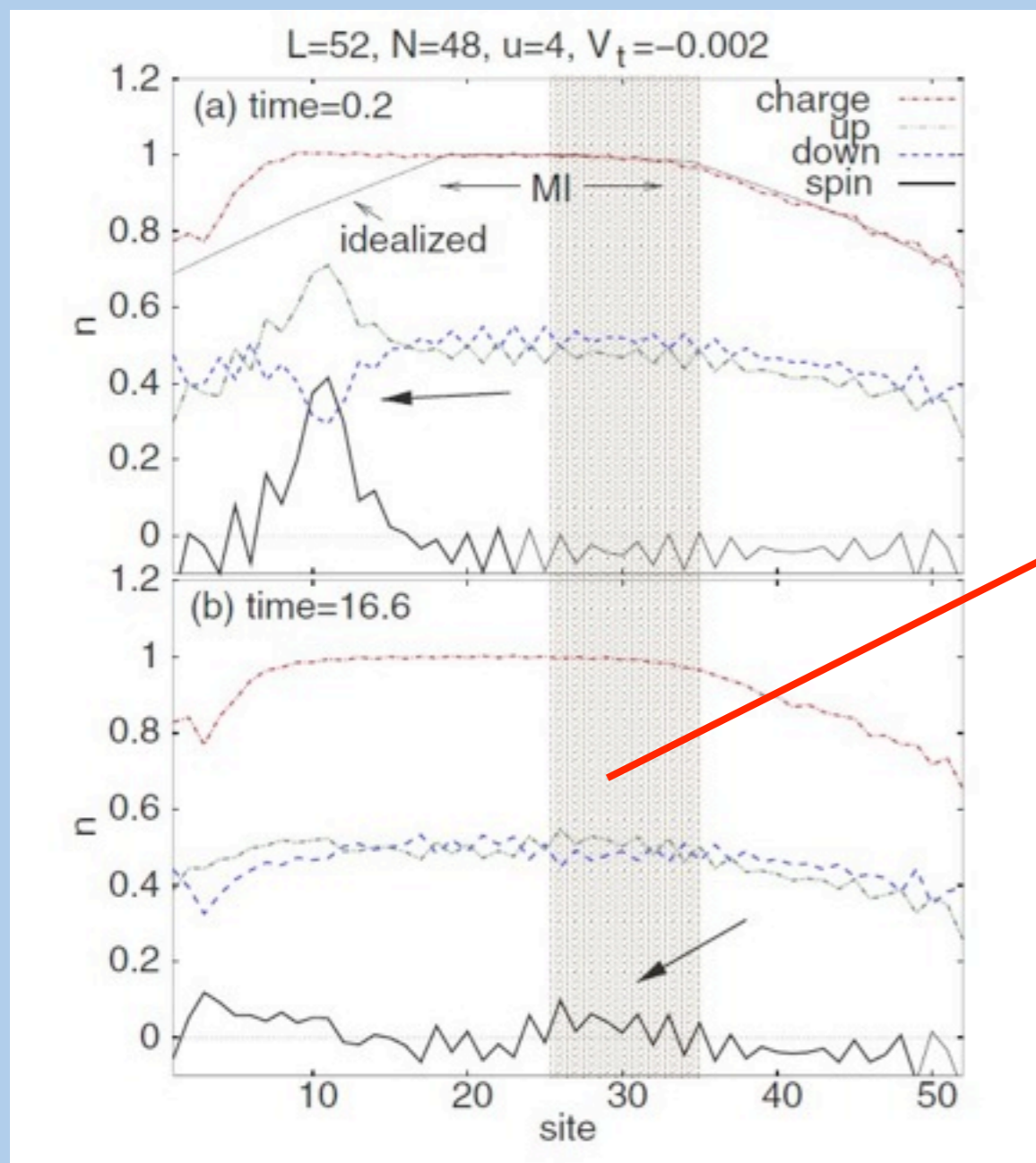
Time evolution with Lanczos
approximation

E. A. Jagla, K. Hallberg, and C. A. Balseiro
Phys. Rev. B 47, 5849 (1993)

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Charge-spin separation in trapped ultra-cold atoms

C. Kollath, U. Schollwöck, and W. Zwerger, Phys. Rev. Lett. 95, 176401 (2005)



Hubbard model in a parabolic trap

Time evolution with t-DMRG

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Charge-spin separation in quantum wires

O. M. Auslaender *et al.*, *Science* 308, 88 (2005)

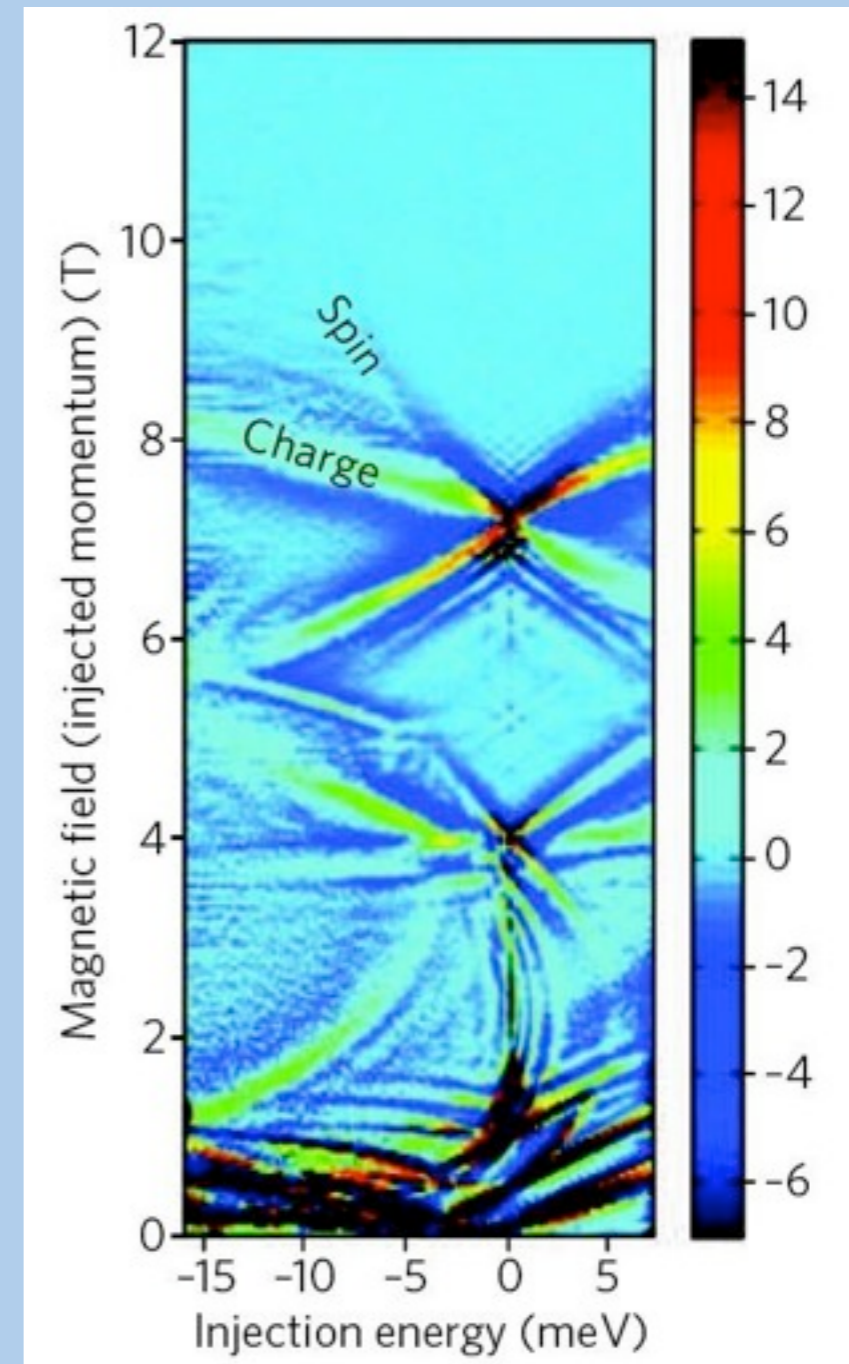
V. V. Deshpande, M. Bockrath, L. I. Glazman, and A. Yacobi
Nature 464, 209 (2010)

Tunneling injection of carriers



B: control of momentum

V: control of energy



Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Charge fractionalization in one dimension

K.-V. Pham, M. Gabay, and P. Lederer, Phys. Rev. B 61, 16397 (2000)

Independent chiral modes in a Luttinger liquid

$$H_{LL} = H_R + H_L$$

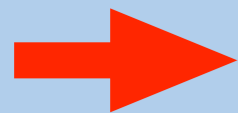
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injected charges have projections on both modes

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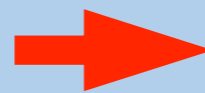
$$H_{LL} = H_R + H_L$$

 injected charges have projections on both modes

● Inject one fermion to the right branch

$$Q_R = \frac{1 + K_\mu}{2}$$

$$Q_L = \frac{1 - K_\mu}{2}$$



Interaction leads to charge fractionalization

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

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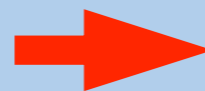
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Experiment: H. Steinberg *et al.*, *Nat. Phys.* 4, 116 (2008)

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

- Further fractionalization?

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Further fractionalization?

● Fractionalization of an electron in the $1/r^2$ supersymmetric t-J model

Z. N. C. Ha and F. D. M. Haldane, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **73**, 2887 (1994)

$$H = - \sum_{i \neq j, \sigma} t_{ij} c_{i\sigma}^\dagger c_{j\sigma} + \sum_{i < j} \left(J_{ij} \vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j + V_{ij} n_i n_j \right)$$

$$J_{ij} = 2t_{ij} = -4V_{ij} = \frac{\pi^2}{N^2 \sin^2 [\pi (i - j) / N]}$$

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spinon: **Q=0, S=1/2, semion**

holon: **Q=-e, S=0, semion**

antiholon: **Q=2e, S=0, boson**

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

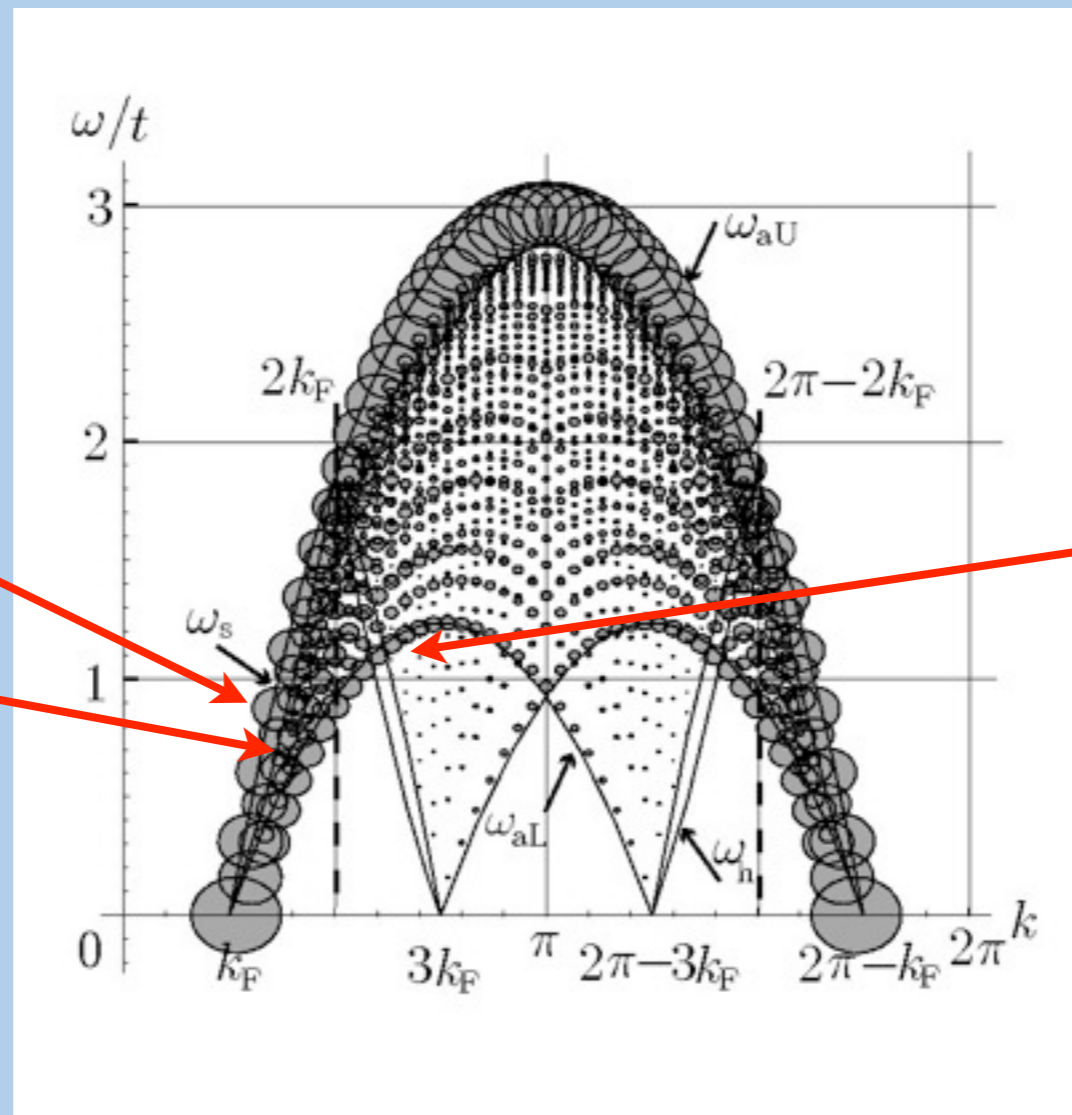
- Fractionalization in the $1/r^2$ SUSY t-J model
- Spinon, holons, and antiholons in the electron addition spectrum

M. Arikawa, Y. Saiga, and Y. Kuramoto, Phys. Rev. Lett. 86, 3096 (2001)

Spinon

Holon

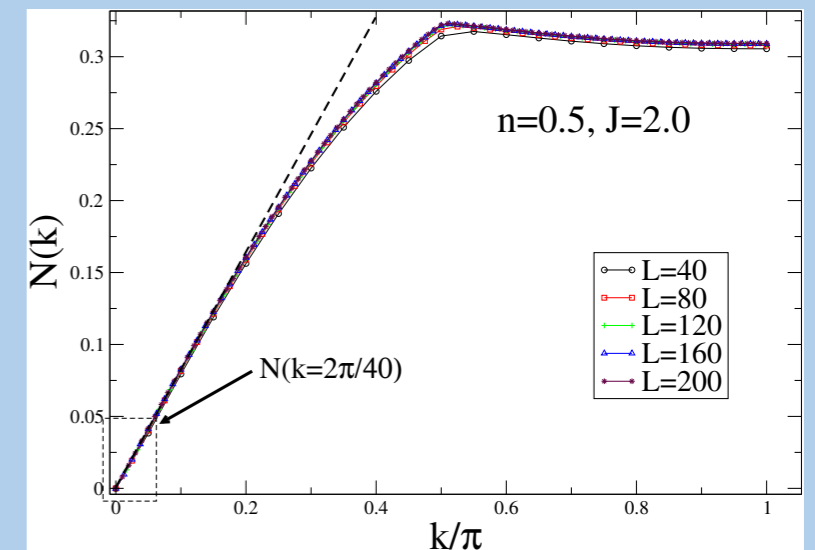
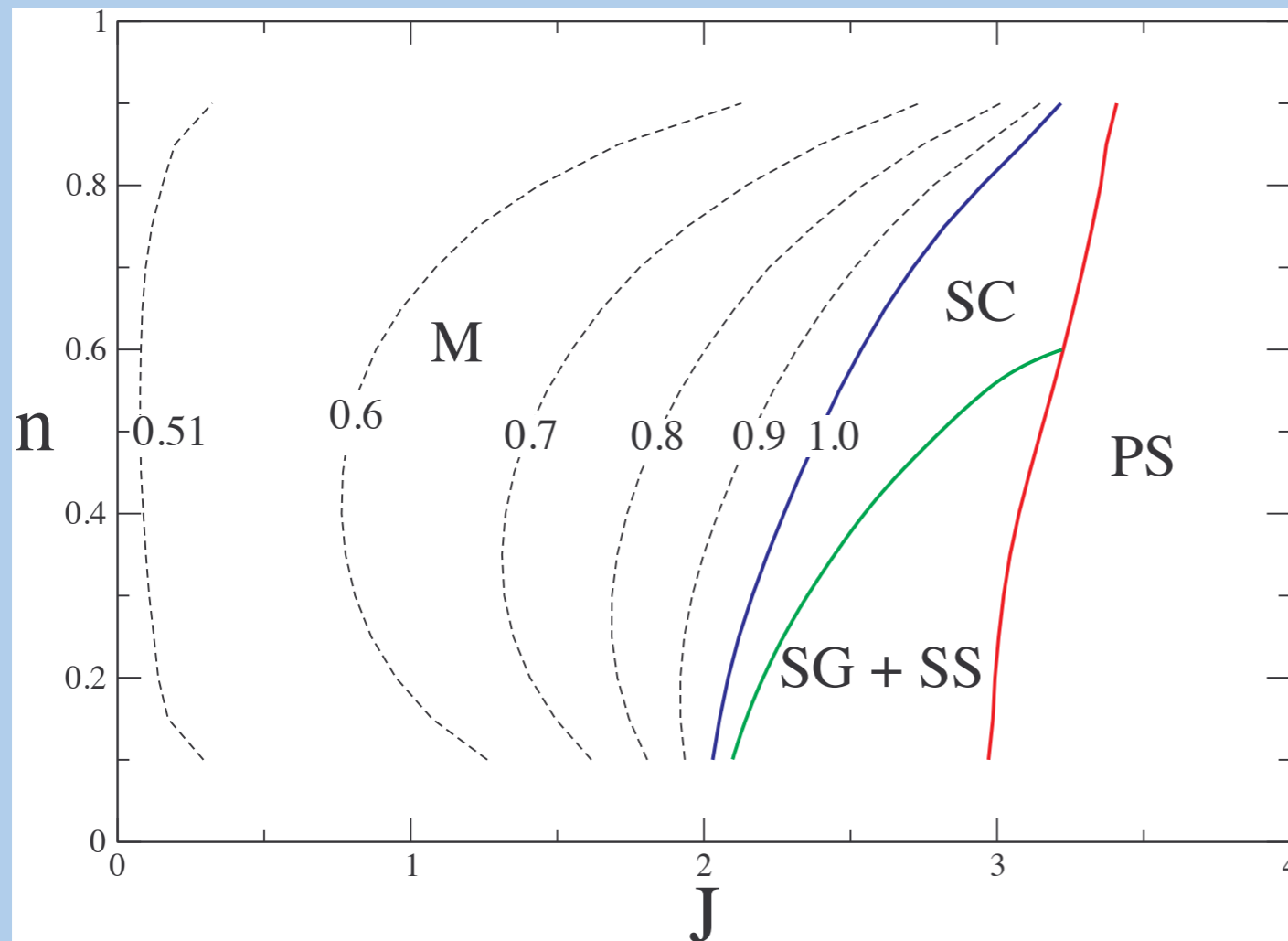
Antiholon



Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Nearest neighbor t-J model

$$H = -\tilde{t} \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \sum_{\sigma} c_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{j\sigma} + J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \left(\vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j - \frac{1}{4} n_i n_j \right)$$



$$N(k \rightarrow 0) = K_{\rho} |k| a / \pi$$

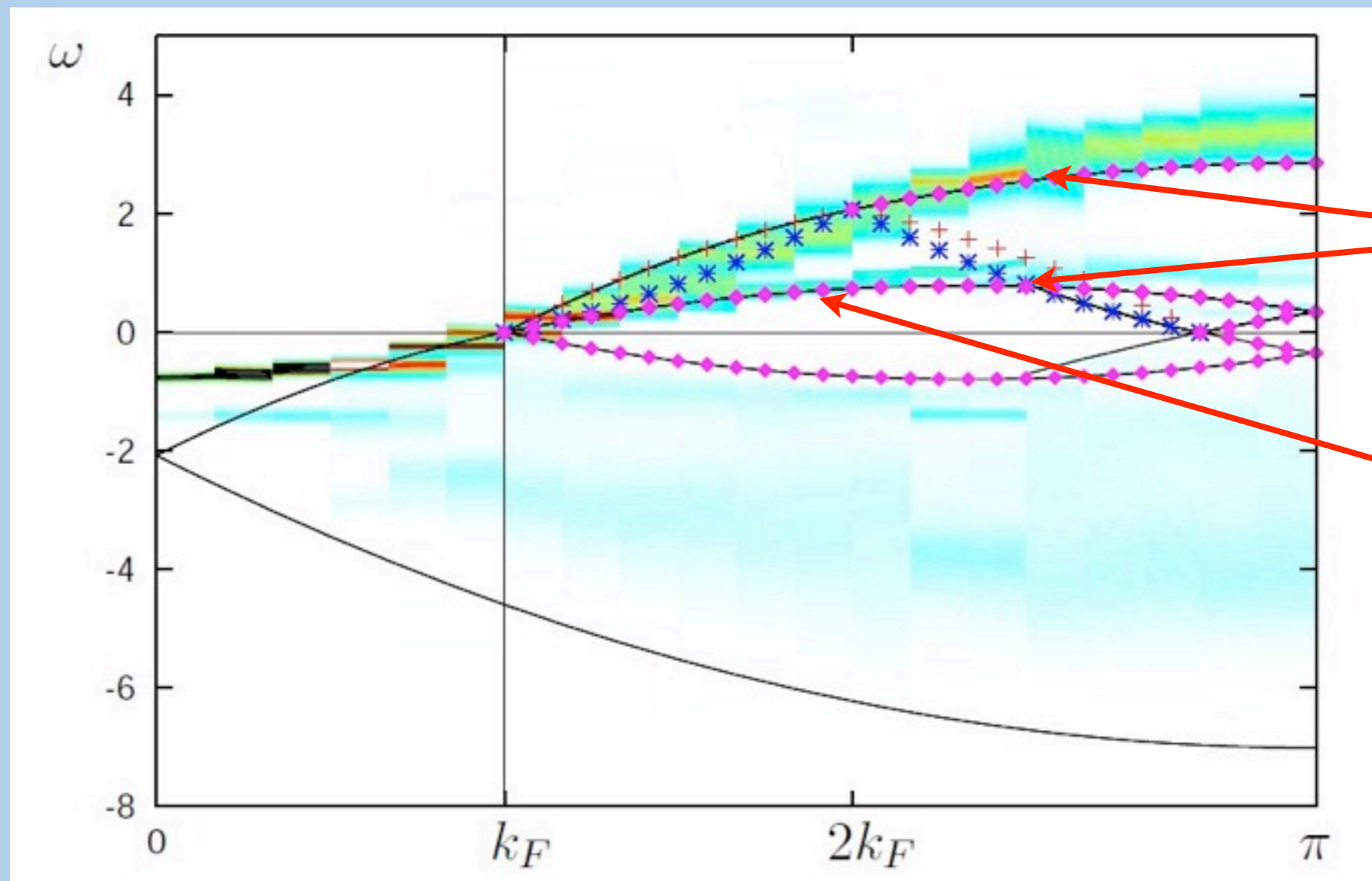
A. Moreno, A.M., and S. R. Manmana,
Phys. Rev. B 83, 205113 (2011)

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

● Nearest neighbor t-J model

● One-particle spectrum from quantum Monte Carlo simulations

C. Lavalle, M. Arikawa, S. Capponi, F. F. Assaad, and A.M., Phys. Rev. Lett. 90, 216401 (2003)



$$J = 2\tilde{t}$$

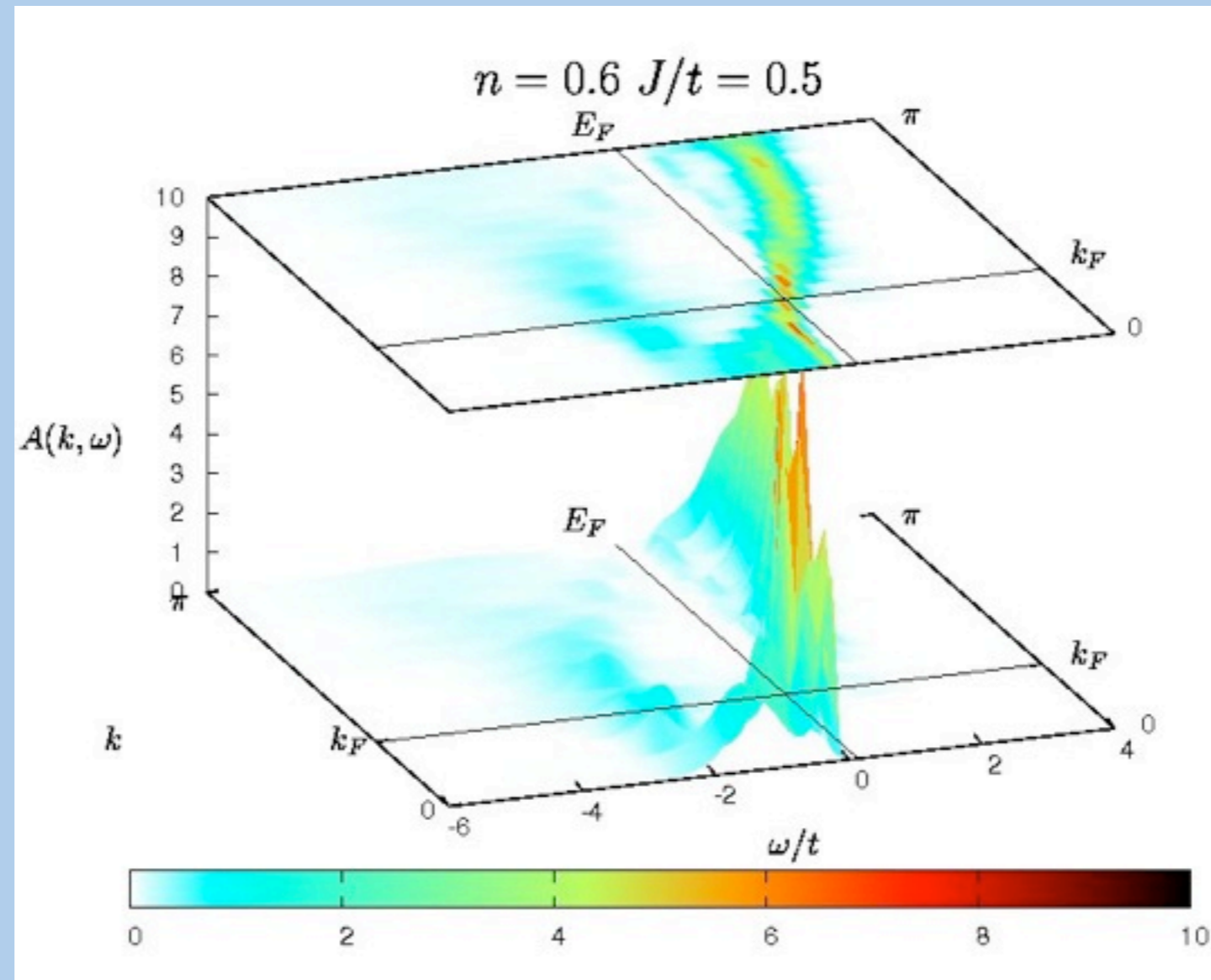
Splitting of the one particle addition spectrum

Antiholon in $1/r^2$ t-J model

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

- Nearest neighbor t-J model
 - One-particle spectrum from quantum Monte Carlo simulations

C. Lavallo, M. Arikawa, S. Capponi, F. F. Assaad, and A.M., Phys. Rev. Lett. 90, 216401 (2003)



Time dependent DMRG

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S. R. White and A. E. Feiguin, Phys. Rev. Lett. 93, 076401 (2004)

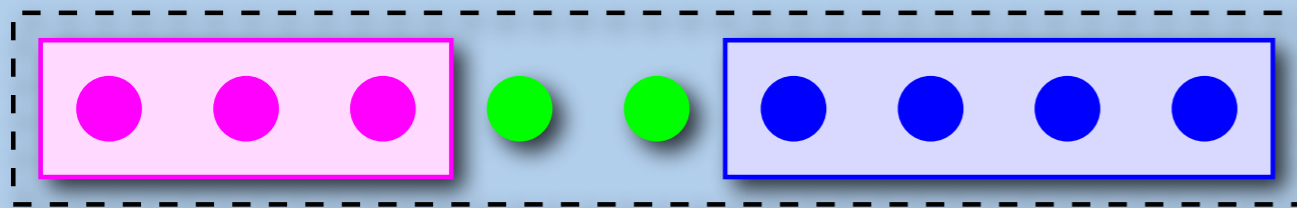
A. J. Daley, C. Kollath, U. Schollwöck, and G. Vidal, J. Stat. Mech.: Theor. Exp P04005 (2004)

Trotter approximation



$$H = \sum_i H_{i,i+1}$$

$$e^{-iH\Delta t} = e^{-iH_{\text{even}}\Delta t} e^{-iH_{\text{odd}}\Delta t} + \mathcal{O}(\Delta t^2)$$



$$\rho_s = \text{Tr}_{\text{env}} | \psi_s, \psi_{\text{env}} \rangle \langle \psi_{\text{env}}, \psi_s |$$

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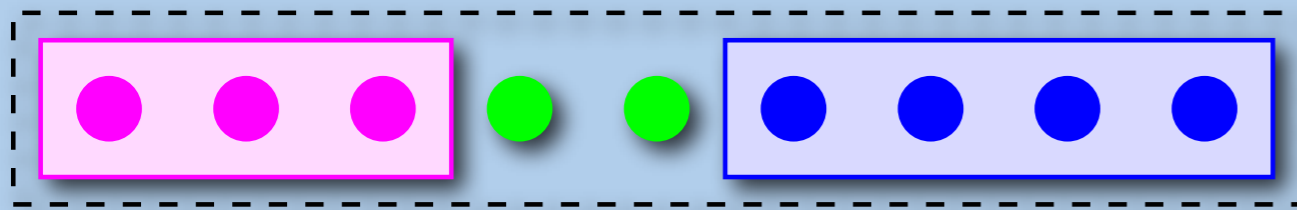
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Lanczos approximation



Krylov subspace

$$e^{-iH\Delta t} | \psi \rangle \simeq V_m e^{-iL_m \Delta t} V_m^T | \psi \rangle \equiv | \tilde{\psi} \rangle$$

Exact error bound

M. Hochbruck and Ch. Lubich, SIAM J. Numer. Anal. 34, 1911 (1997)

$$\| e^{-iH\Delta t} | \psi \rangle - | \tilde{\psi} \rangle \| \leq 12 e^{(W\Delta t)^2/16m} \left(\frac{eW\Delta t}{4m} \right)^m \quad \text{almost exponential convergence}$$

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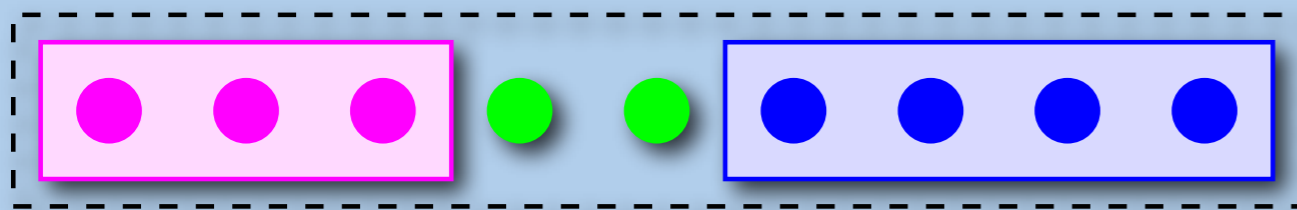
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S. R. Manmana, S. Wessel, R. M. Noack, and A.M., Phys. Rev. Lett. 98, 210405 (2007)

Time dependent charge and spin dynamics in the 1D t-J model

Fractionalization of charge in real time

● Nearest neighbor t-J model: Luttinger-liquid phase

$$J = 2t \quad n = 0.8 \quad k = 0.45 \pi$$

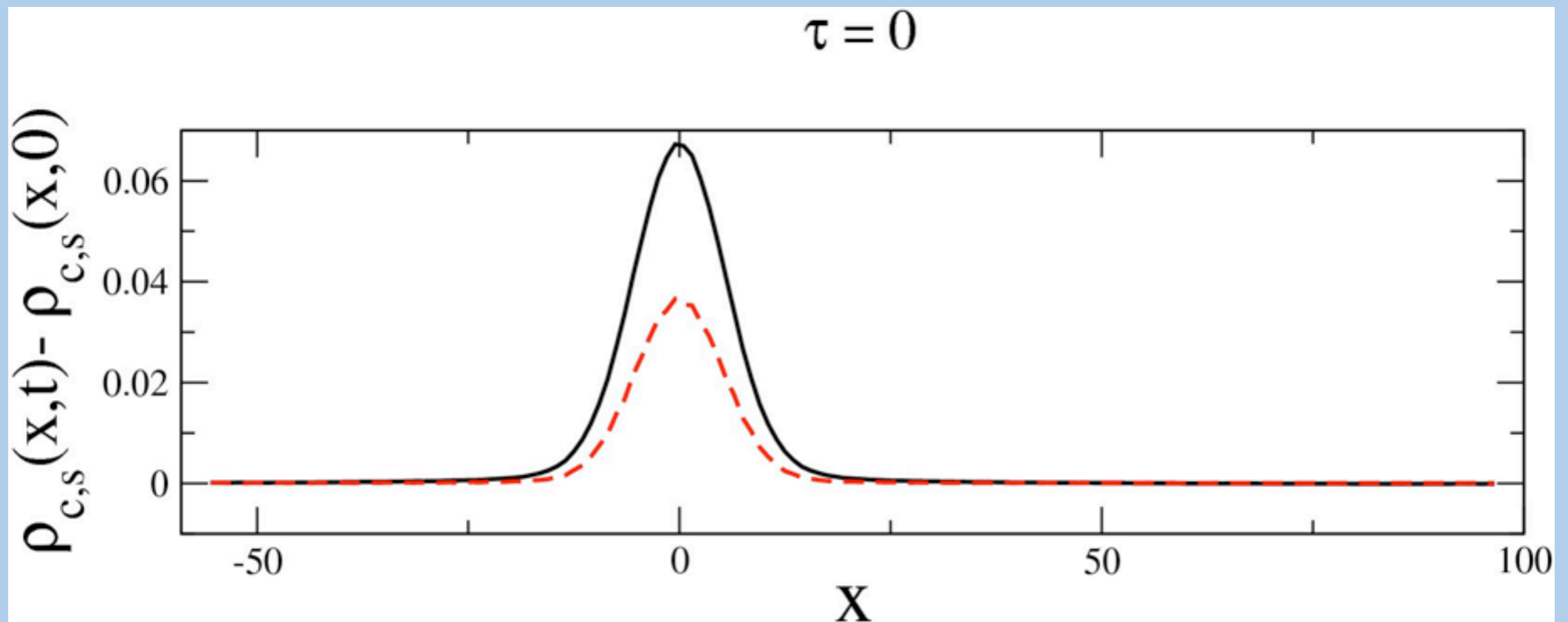
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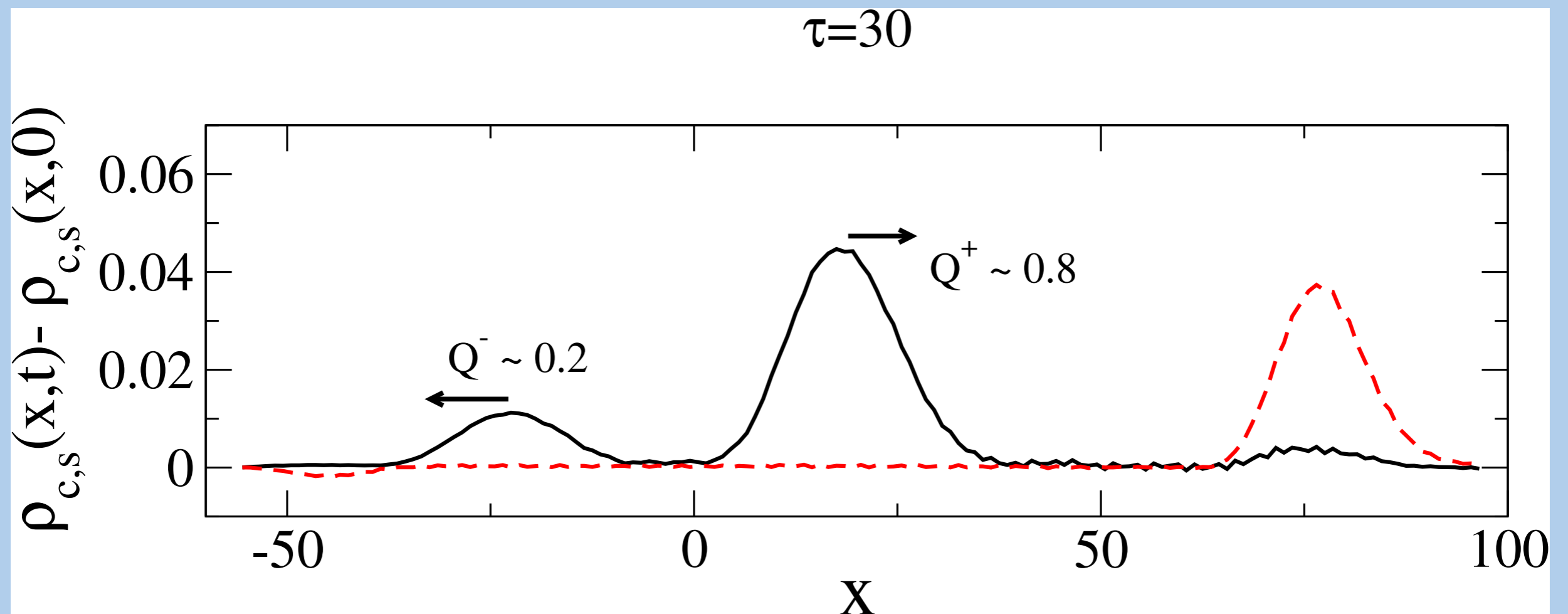
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Fractionalization of charge in real time

- Nearest neighbor t-J model: Luttinger-liquid phase

$$K_\rho \simeq 0.67$$



Fractionalization of fractionalized charge

- Nearest neighbor t-J model: high energy

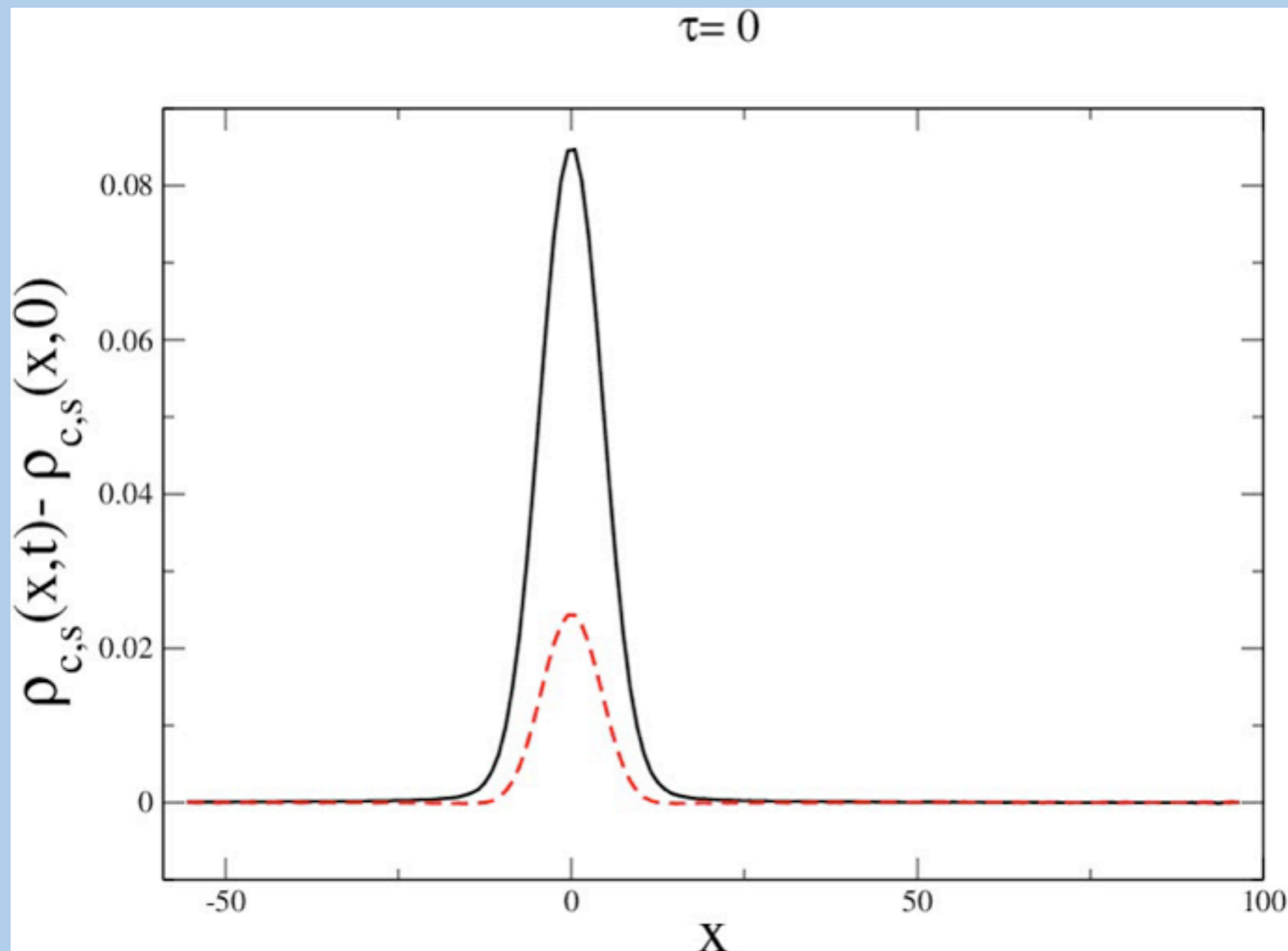
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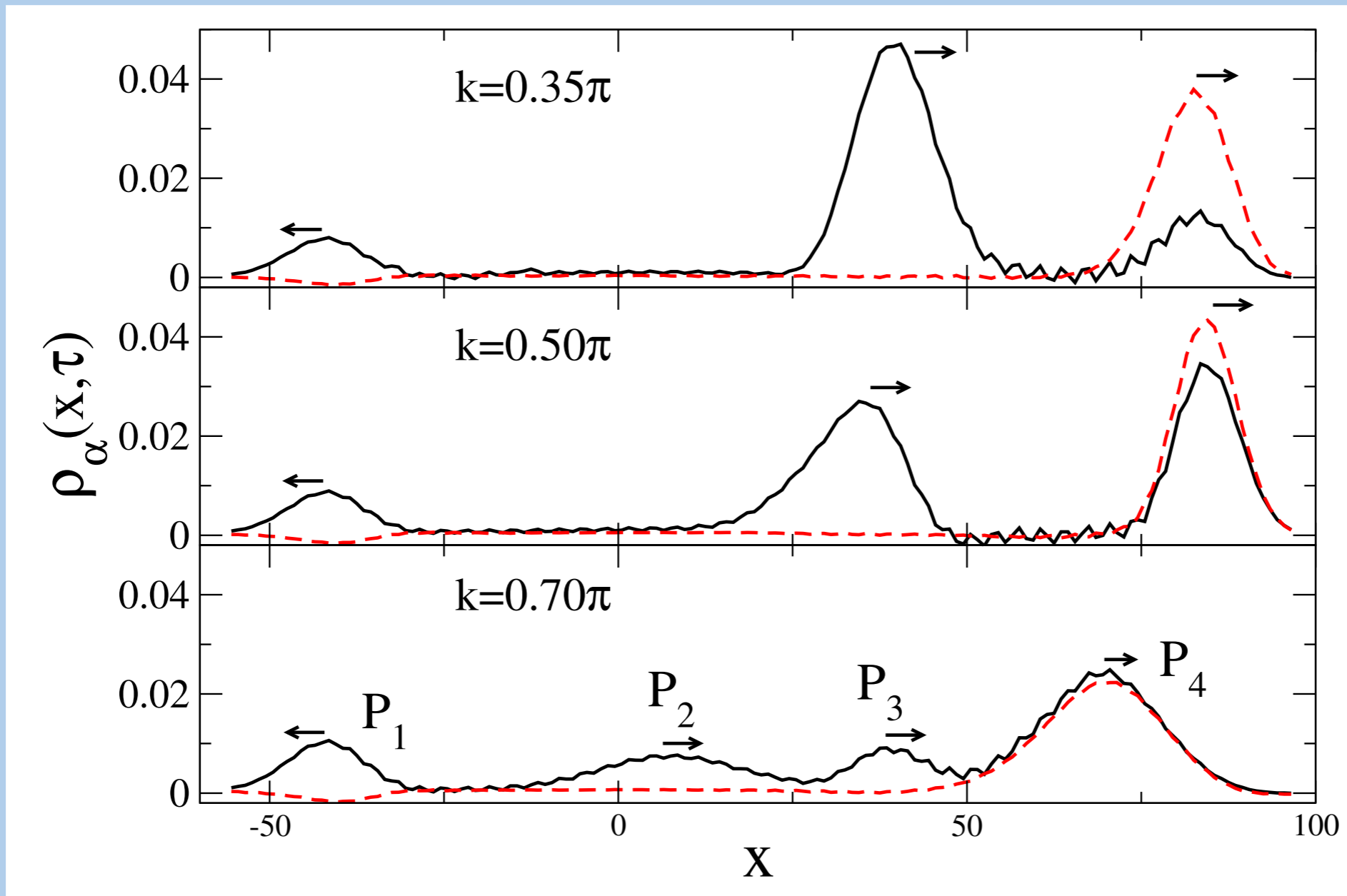
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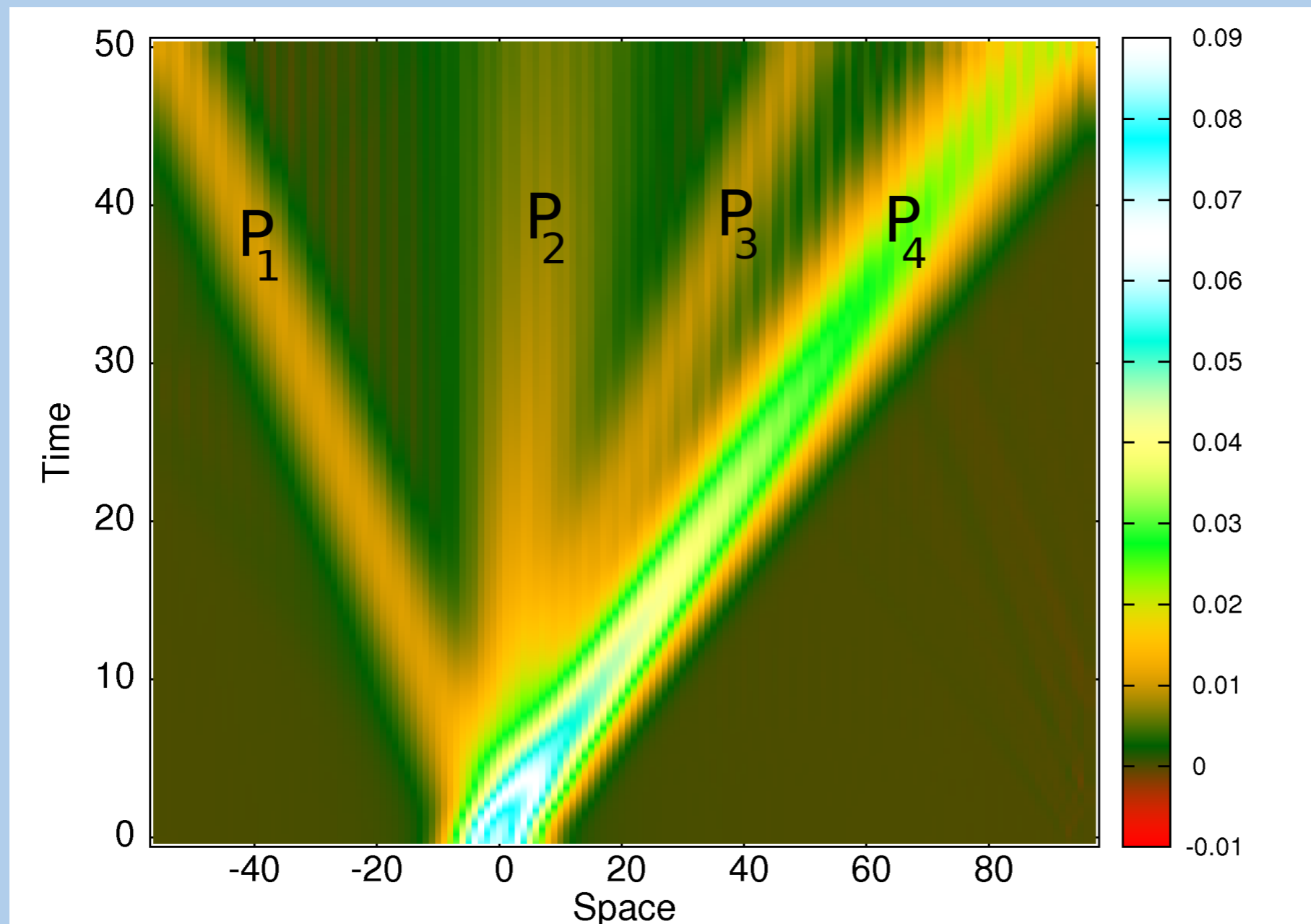


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Excitations at the SUSY point from Bethe-Ansatz

P. A. Bares and G. Blatter, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 2567 (1990)

P. A. Bares, G. Blatter, and M. Ogata, Phys. Rev. B 44, 130 (1991)

P. A. Bare, J. M. P. Carmelo, J. Ferrer, and P. Horsch, Phys. Rev. B 46, 14624 (1992)

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● Excitations associated with spin and charge

$$\epsilon_s(q_s), \quad q_s \in [-(\pi - k_F), (\pi - k_F)]$$

$$\epsilon_c(q_c), \quad q_c \in [-(\pi - 2k_F), (\pi - 2k_F)]$$

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● Energy and momenta for electron addition

$$\omega(k) = -\epsilon_c(q_c) - \epsilon_s(q_s)$$

$$k = \pm 2k_F - q_c - q_s$$

$$q_{Fs} = \pi - k_F, \quad q_{Fc} = \pi - 2k_F$$

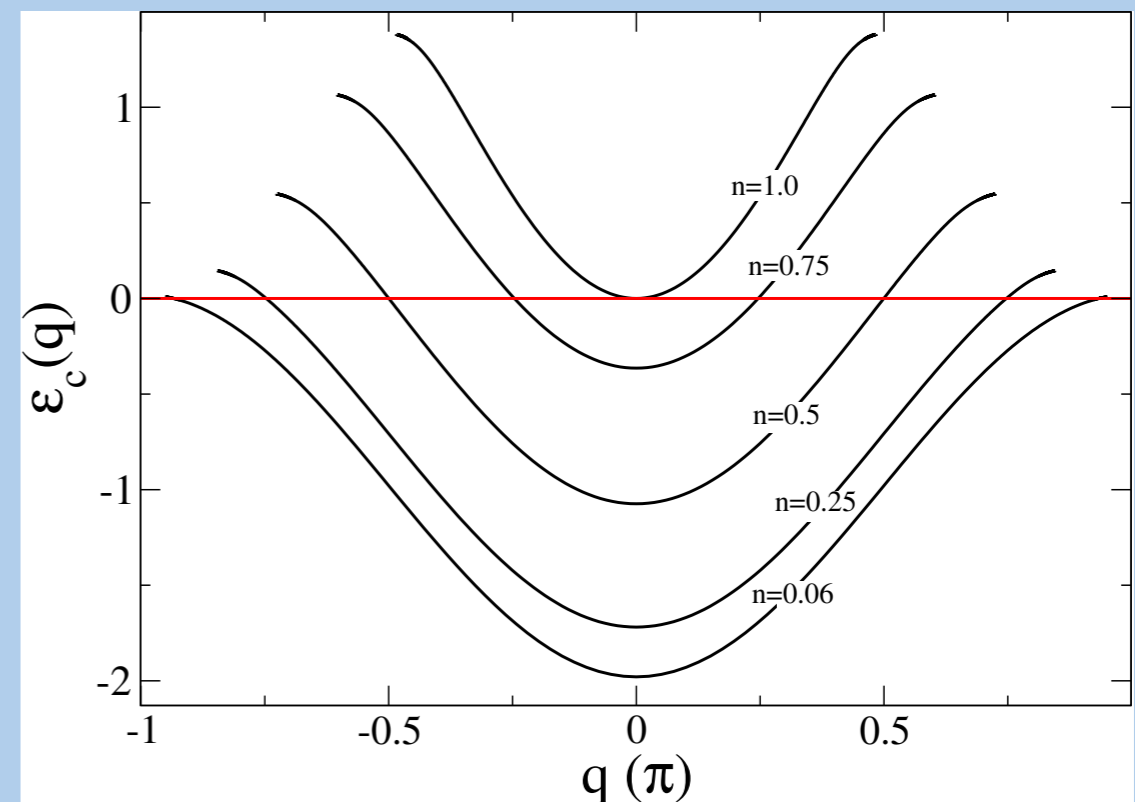
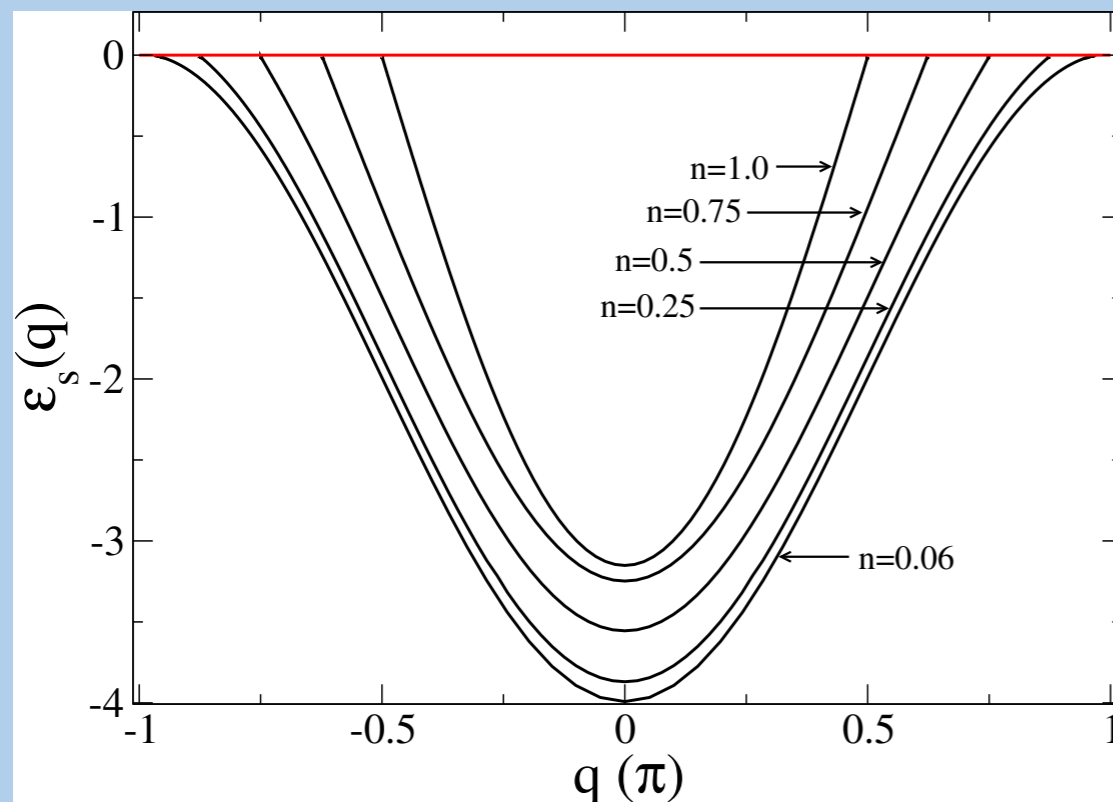
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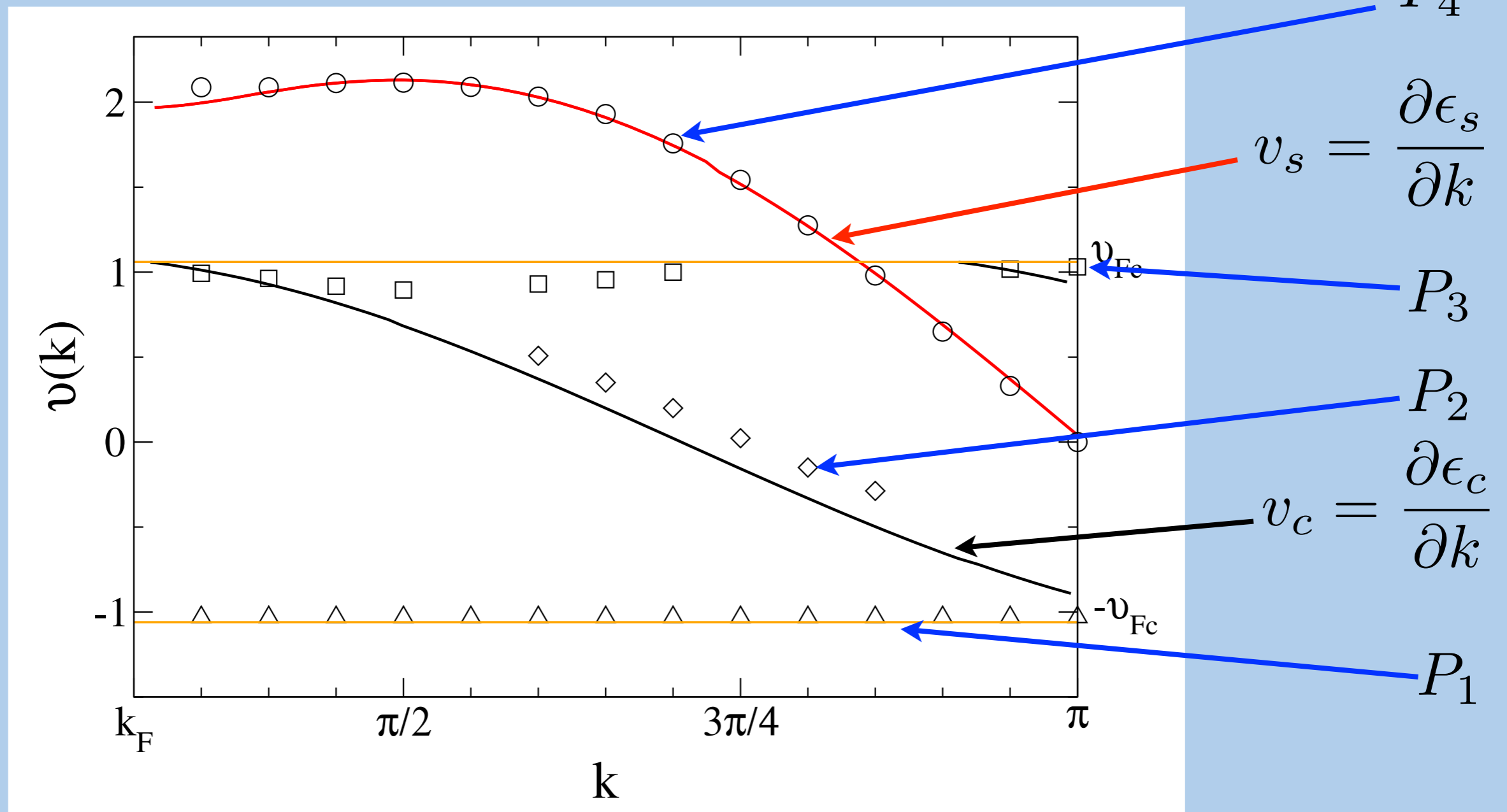
Excitations at the SUSY point: BA vs. t-DMRG

P. A. Bares and G. Blatter, Phys. Rev. Lett. 64, 2567 (1990)

P. A. Bares, G. Blatter, and M. Ogata, Phys. Rev. B 44, 130 (1991)

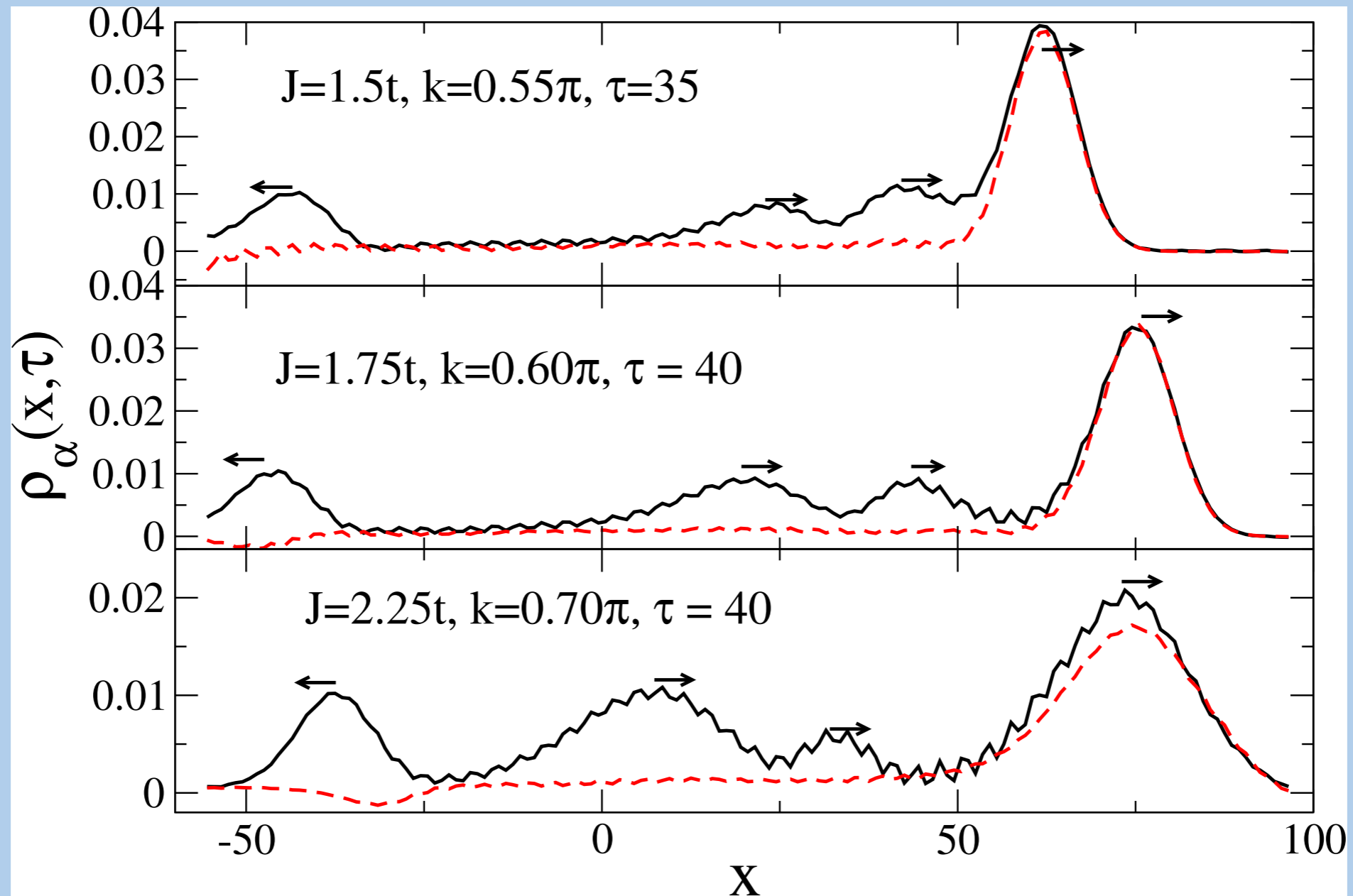
P. A. Bare, J. M. P. Carmelo, J. Ferrer, and P. Horsch, Phys. Rev. B 46, 14624 (1992)

● Velocities of excitations from t-DMRG and Bethe-Ansatz



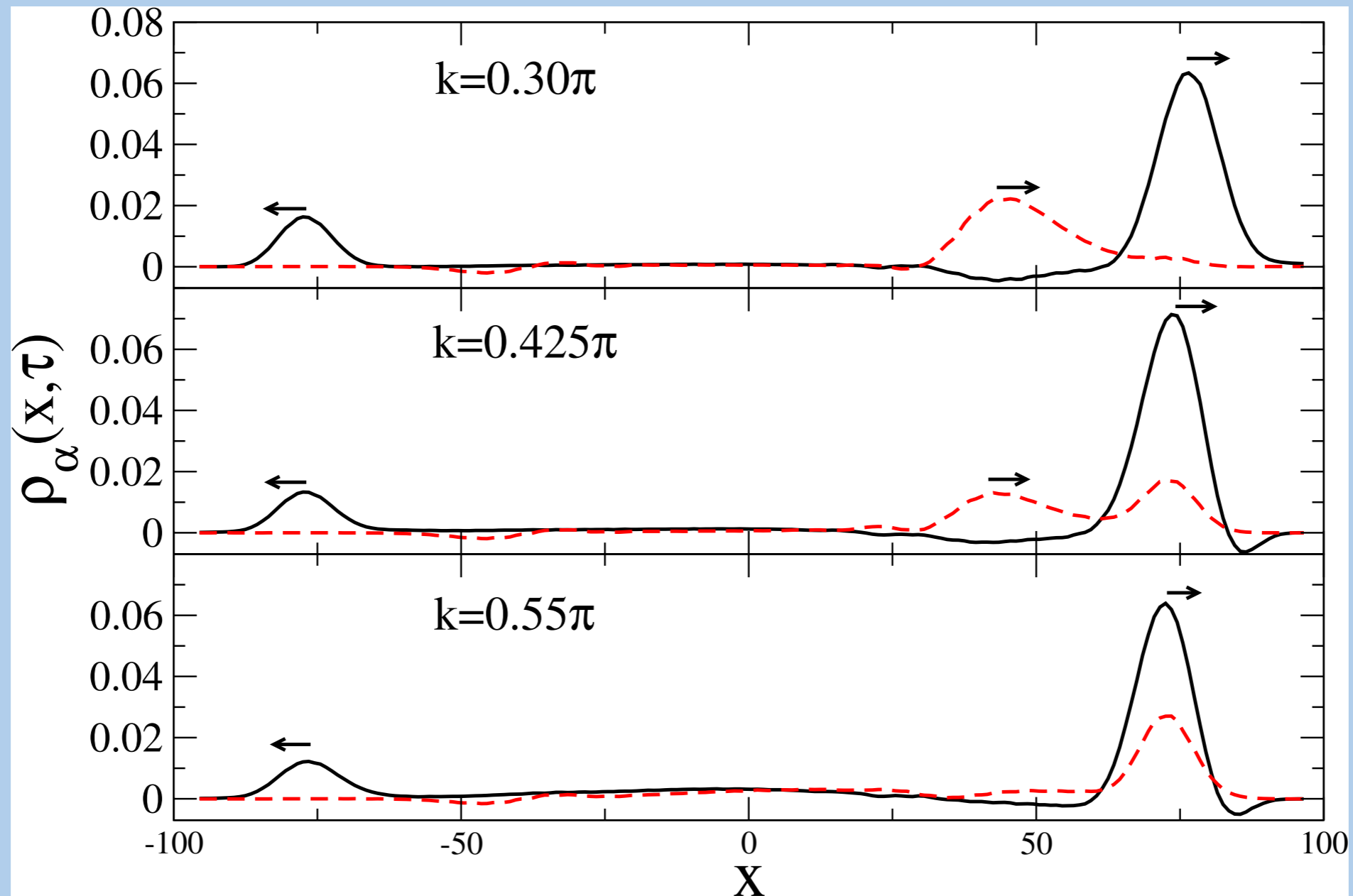
Fractionalization away from the SUSY point

● $K_\rho < 1$, $v_s > v_c$



Fractionalization away from the SUSY point

● $K_\rho < 1$, $v_s < v_c$



● Fractionalization of spin

Fermion fractionalization in one dimension

- Possible experimental realization?

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- Generalized t-J model with ultracold polar molecules

A. Gorshkov *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 115301 (2011)

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**Control of interactions with electric and microwave fields
beyond strong coupling expansion of Hubbard-like models**

Summary

- **Numerical access to fermion fractionalization with t-DMRG**

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