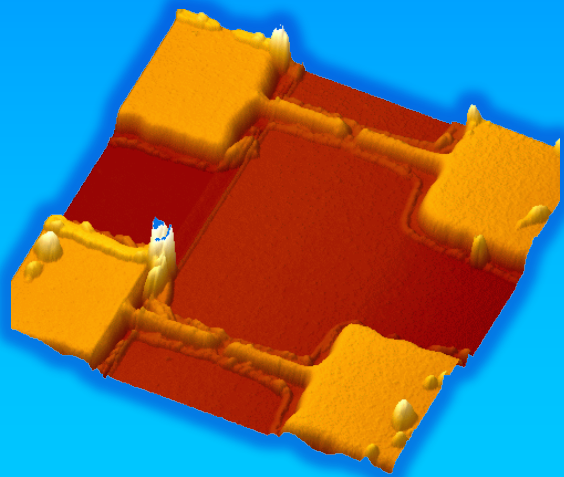


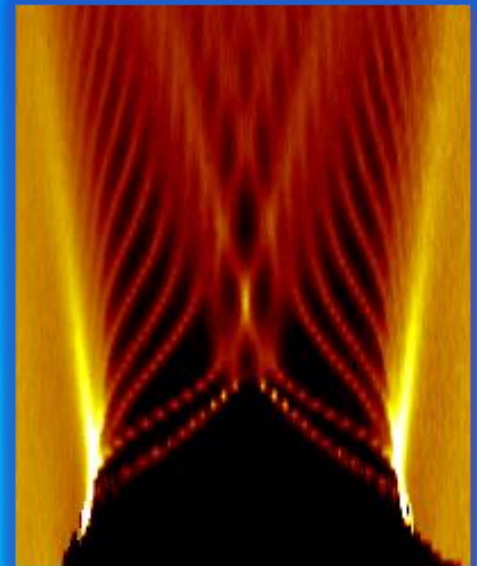
Fractional ac Josephson effect: the signature of Majorana particles

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KITP, November 10, 2012

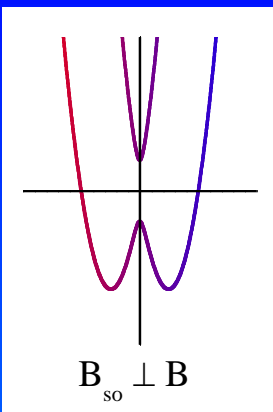
choice of material

		GaAs	InAs	InSb
Dresselhaus, [$\text{eV}\cdot\text{\AA}^3$]	γ_e	27.6	27.2	760
Dresselhaus, [$\text{eV}\cdot\text{\AA}^3$]	γ_h	-81.6	-50.2	-934
Rashba, [$\text{eV}\text{\AA}^2$]	r_{41}	5.2	117	523
Dresselhaus, [$\text{eV}\cdot\text{\AA}$]	α_D^e	0.55	0.055	1.54
Dresselhaus, [$\text{eV}\cdot\text{\AA}$]	α_D^h	0.17	0.1	1.9
Rashba, [$\text{eV}\cdot\text{\AA}$]	α_R		0.12	
effective mass, m_0	m_e	0.067	0.023	0.014
effective mass, m_0	$\langle m_h \rangle$	0.57	0.41	0.43
Landé g-factor	g^*	0.44	16	50
$\kappa\mu_B B$ (holes)	κ	1.2	7.6	15.6

← 15 nm QW

← 10^5 V/cm

parameter space



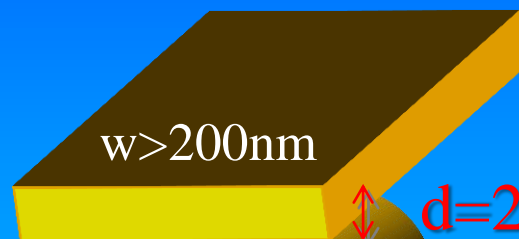
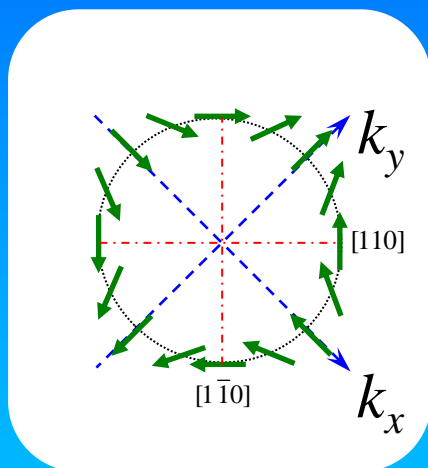
single-spin condition:

$$E_Z > \sqrt{\Delta^2 + E_F^2}$$

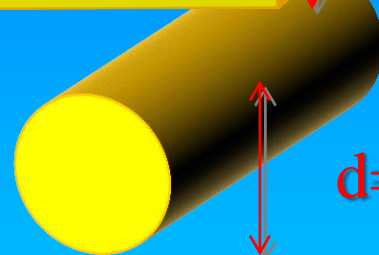
to protect superconductivity:

$$E_Z \sim E_{SO}$$

$$E_{SO} = \sqrt{2}\gamma_D \langle k_z^2 \rangle k = \sqrt{2}\gamma_D (\pi/d)^2 k$$



$$E_{SO} \approx 2.6 \cdot k \text{ [meV]}, \quad k [10^6 \text{ cm}^{-1}]$$

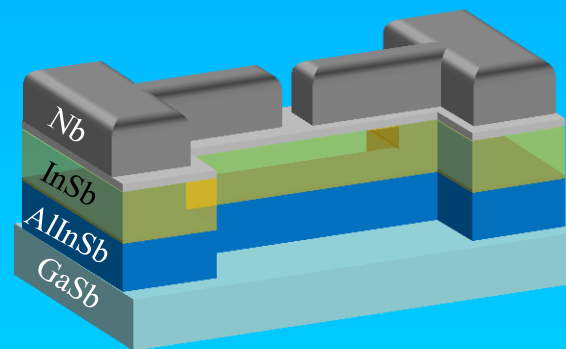
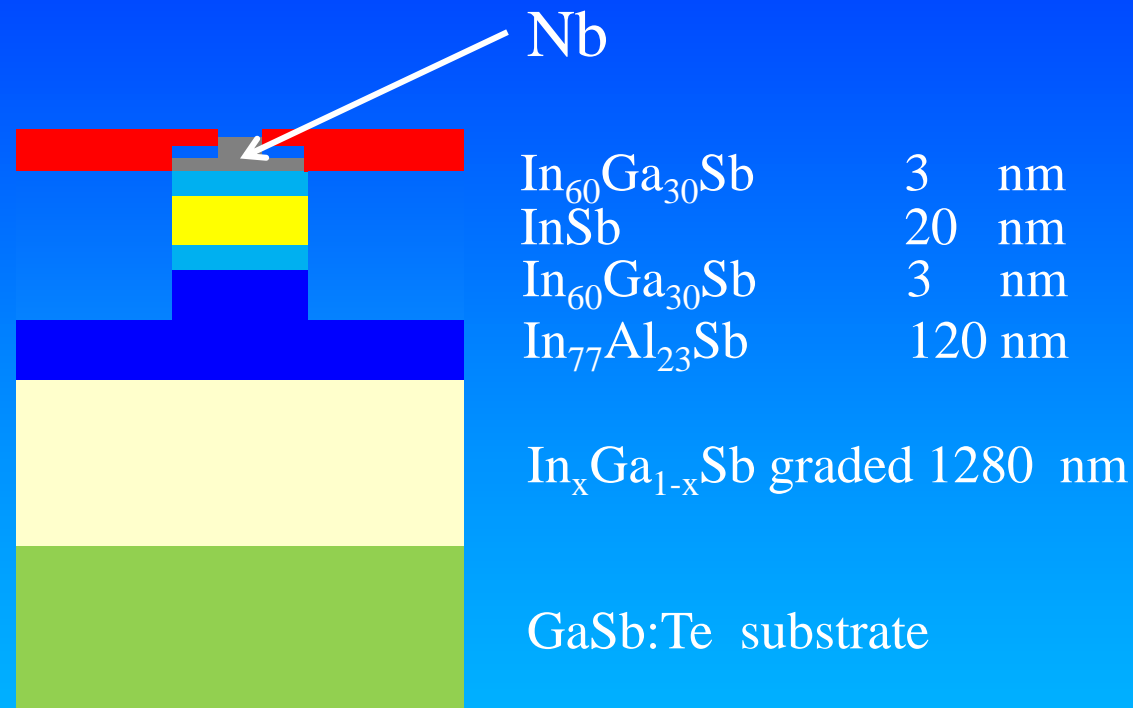


$$E_{SO} \approx 0.1 \cdot k \text{ [meV]}, \quad k [10^6 \text{ cm}^{-1}]$$

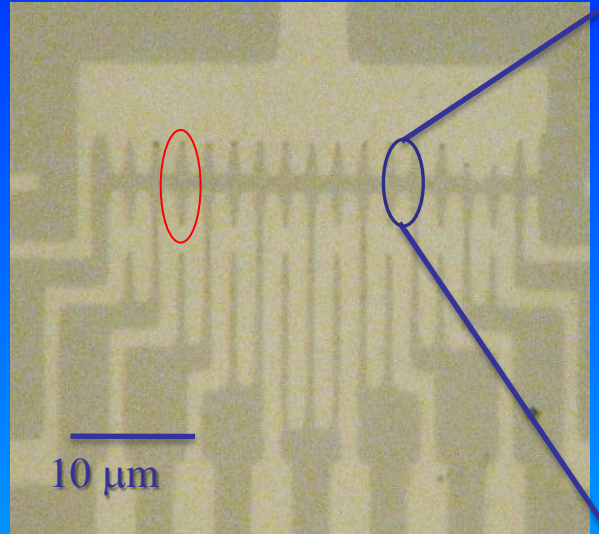
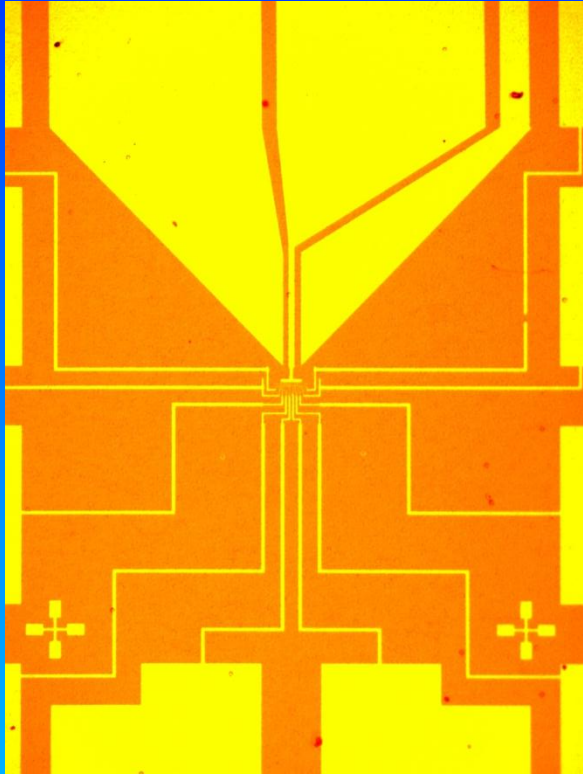
smallest dimension defines E_{SO} :

small $d \Rightarrow$ large $E_{SO} \Rightarrow$ large $E_F \Rightarrow$ less localization

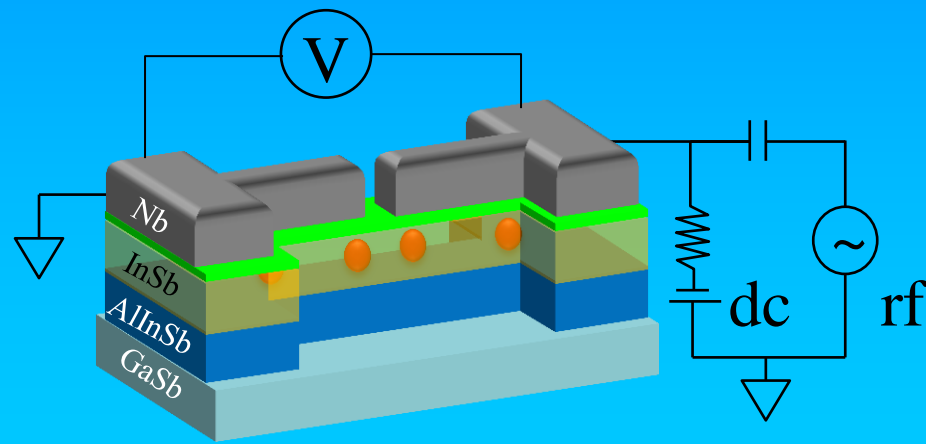
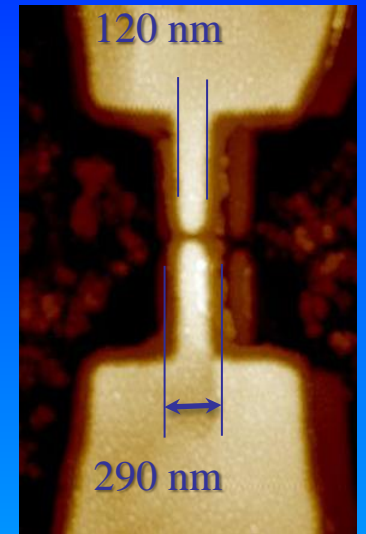
wafers



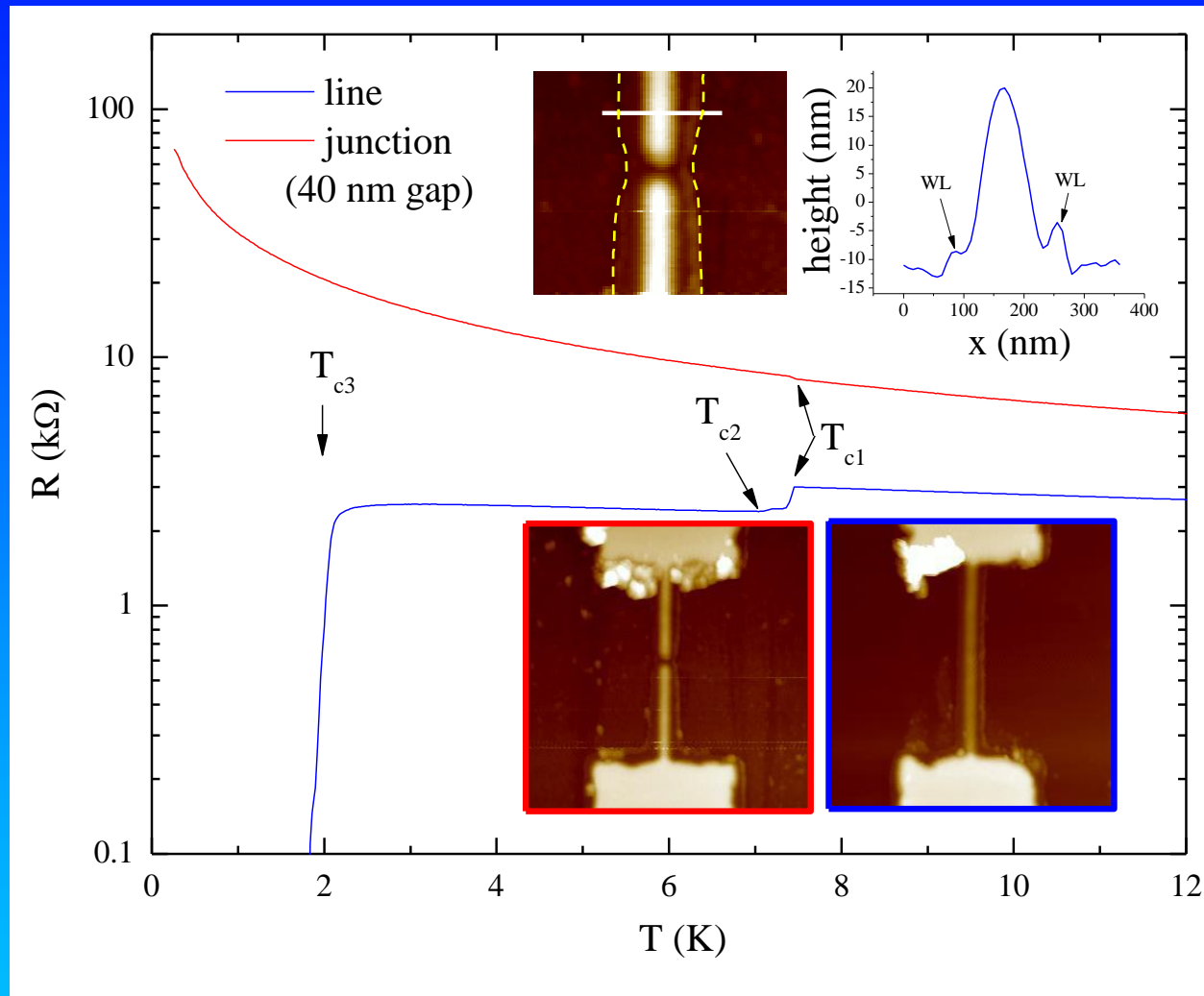
fabrication



etch ~ 50 nm



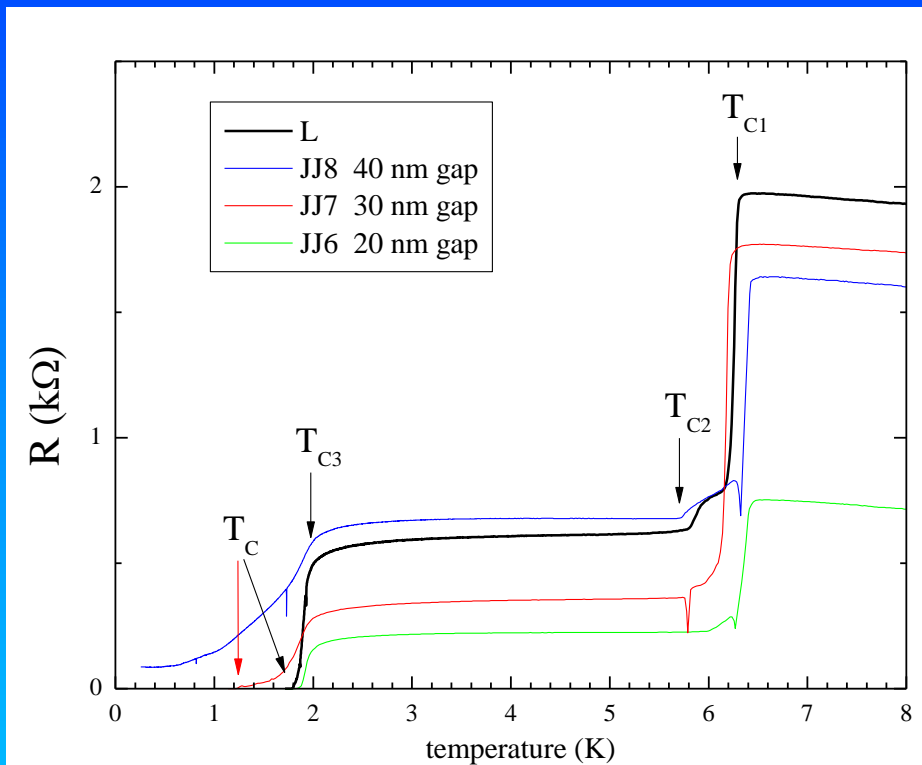
junctions on i-GaAs



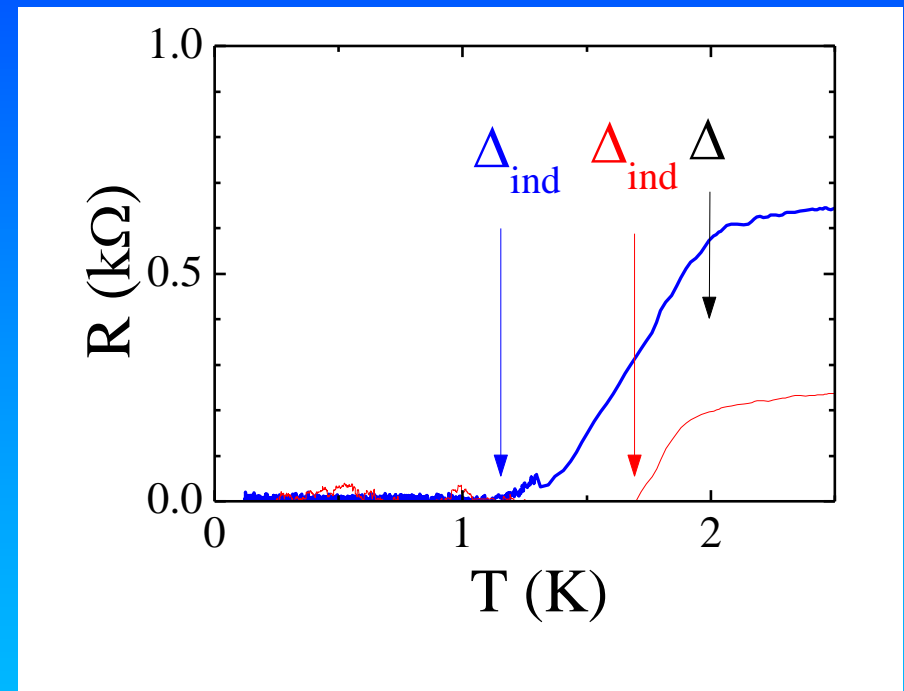
devices with the gap > 20 nm are insulating

T-dependence of JJs

³He system



dilution fridge



T_{C1} – $w > 6 \mu\text{m}$
 T_{C2} – $w = 1 \mu\text{m}$
 T_{C3} – $w = 0.1 \mu\text{m}$
 T_C – proximity gap

$$\Delta_{ind} = \Delta \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma + \Delta}$$

$$\Delta = 1.76 k_B T_{C3} / e = 310 \mu\text{eV}$$

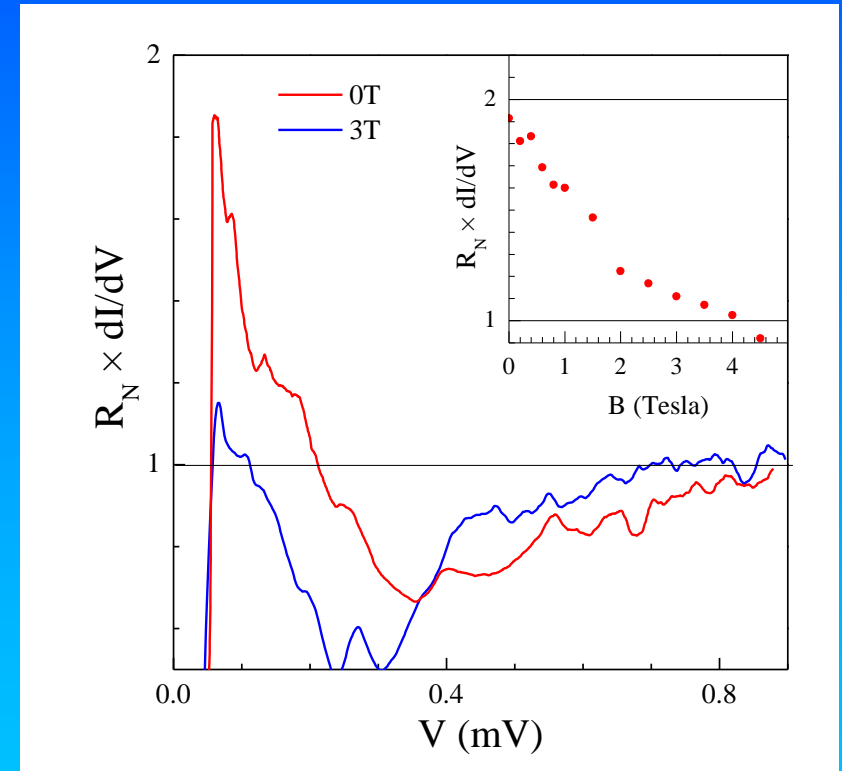
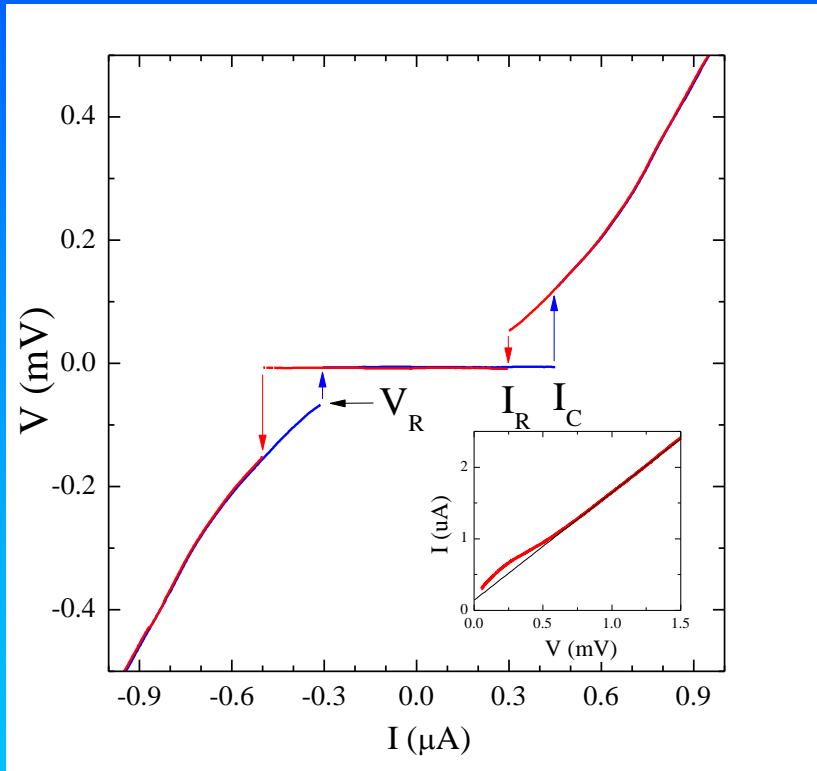
$$\Delta_{ind} = 1.76 k_B T_C / e = 180 \mu\text{eV}$$

$$\Gamma \sim \Delta_{ind}$$

samples

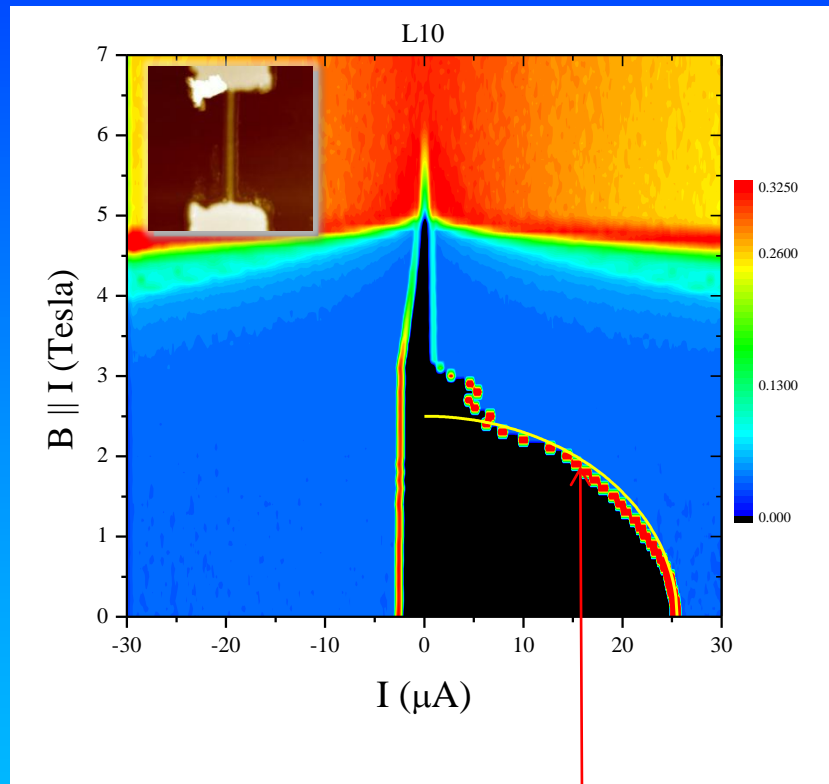
Typical $V(I)$ characteristics

excess current – Andreev reflection
sign of coherent transport

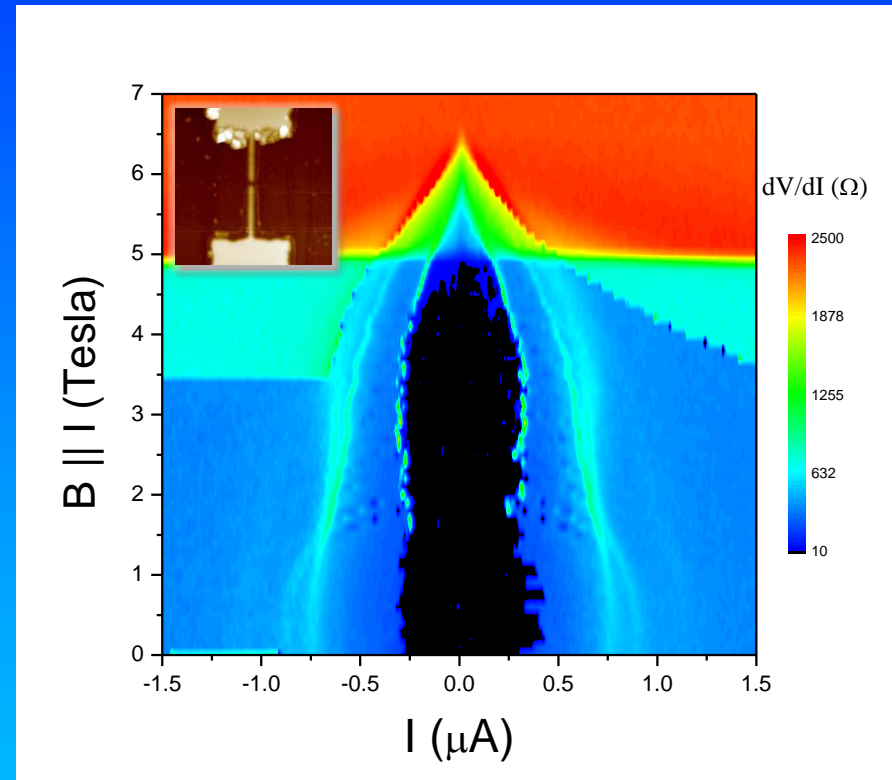


field dependence of I_c

0.1 μm - wide line



JJ



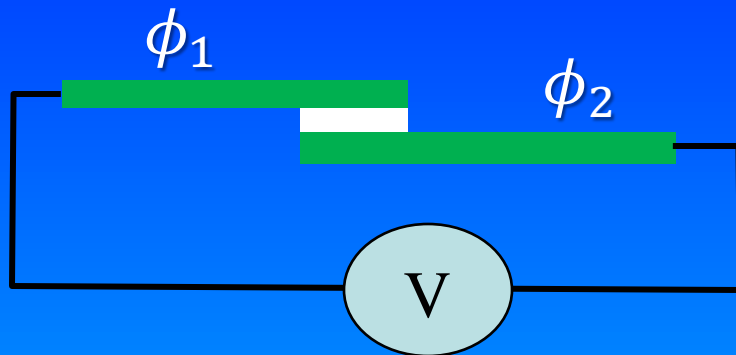
$$I_c \propto \sqrt{1 - (B/B_{c1})^2}$$

$$B_{c1} \sim 2.5 \text{ Tesla}$$

$$B_{c2} \sim 5 \text{ Tesla}$$

ac Josephson effect

direct

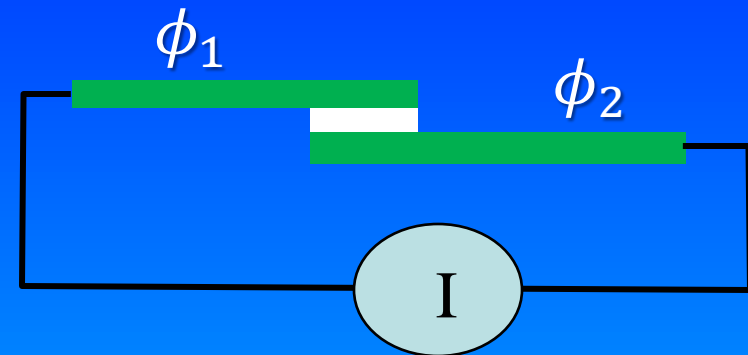


$$\frac{d(\Delta\phi)}{dt} = \frac{2eV}{\hbar}$$

$$I_s = I_c \sin(\omega_j t) = I_c \sin\left(\frac{2eV}{\hbar} t\right)$$

Current oscillates with frequency $\propto V$

inverse



$$I = I_0 + I_\omega \sin(\omega t)$$

$$V = \left(\frac{\hbar\omega}{2e}\right)$$

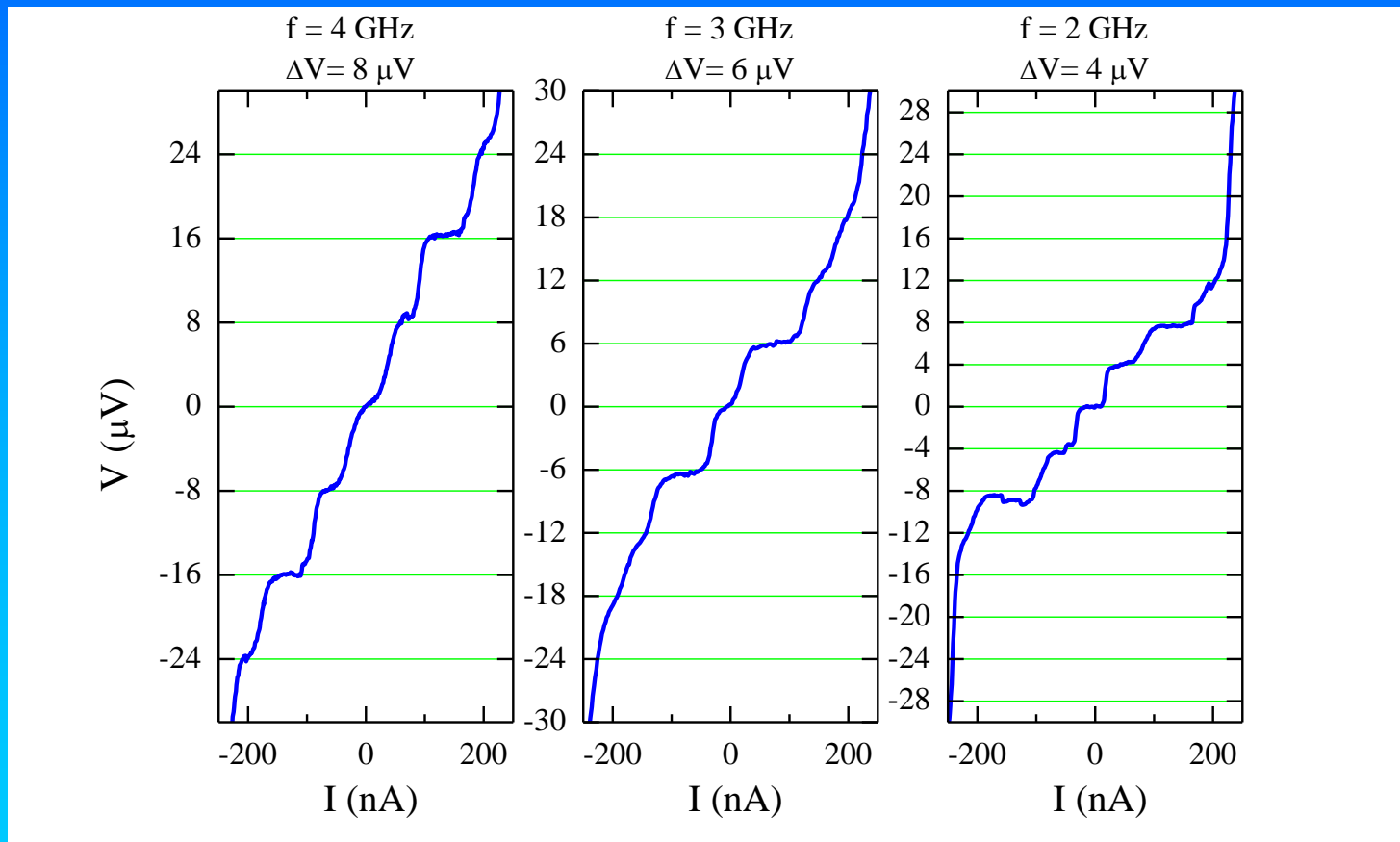
Constant voltage steps $\propto \omega$

inverse ac Josephson effect

phase locking between external rf and Josephson frequency

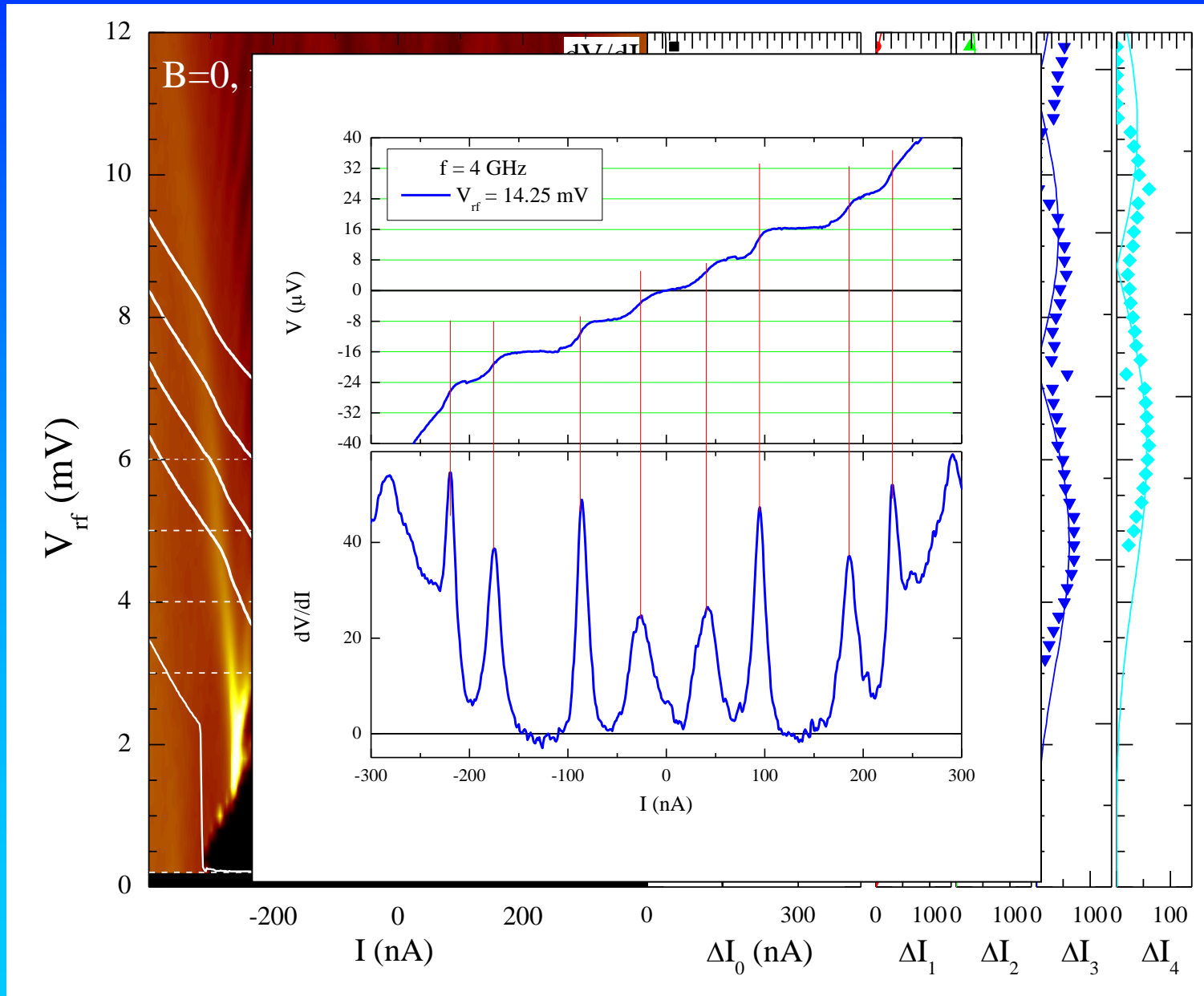
$$V_n = n \left(\frac{h\omega_{rf}}{q} \right) \quad \text{Shapiro steps (Shapiro '63)}$$

$$q = 2e$$

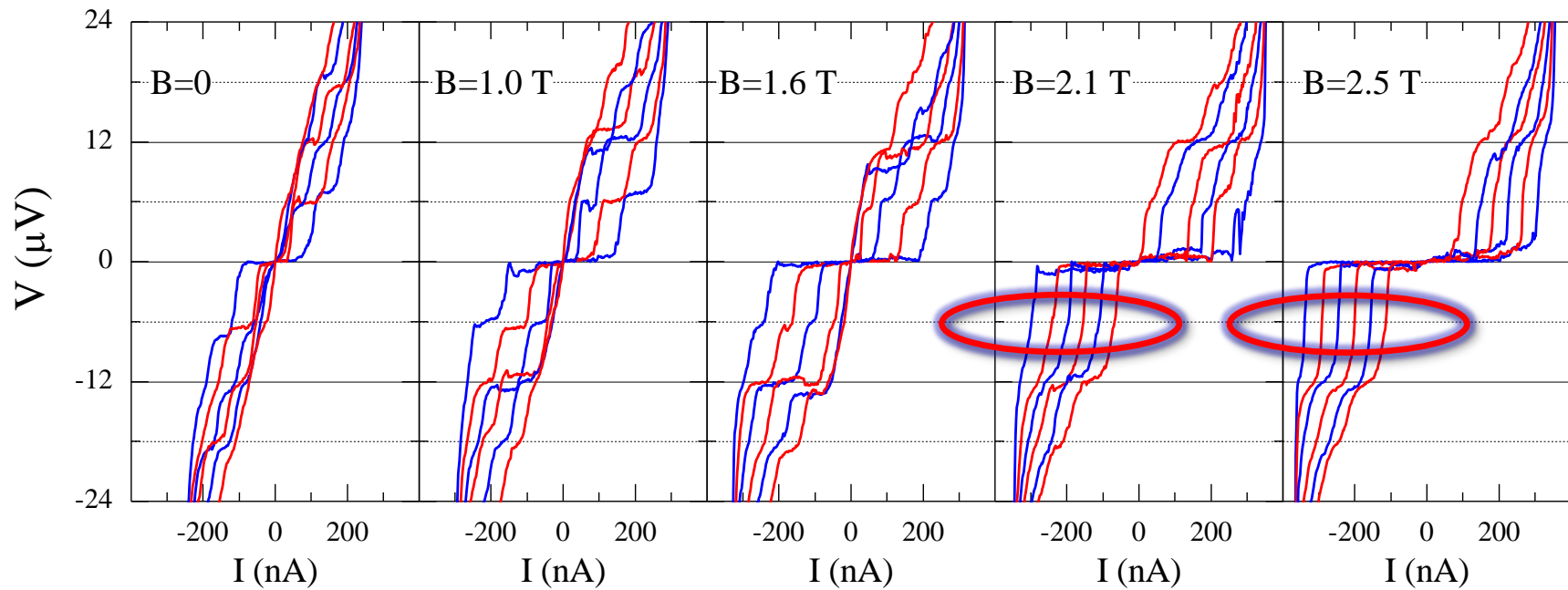


Shapiro steps

$$\Delta I_n = A |J_n \left(\frac{2ev_{rf}}{\hbar\omega_{rf}} \right)|$$



Disappearance of the first Shapiro step



$f = 3 \text{ GHz}$

more fields

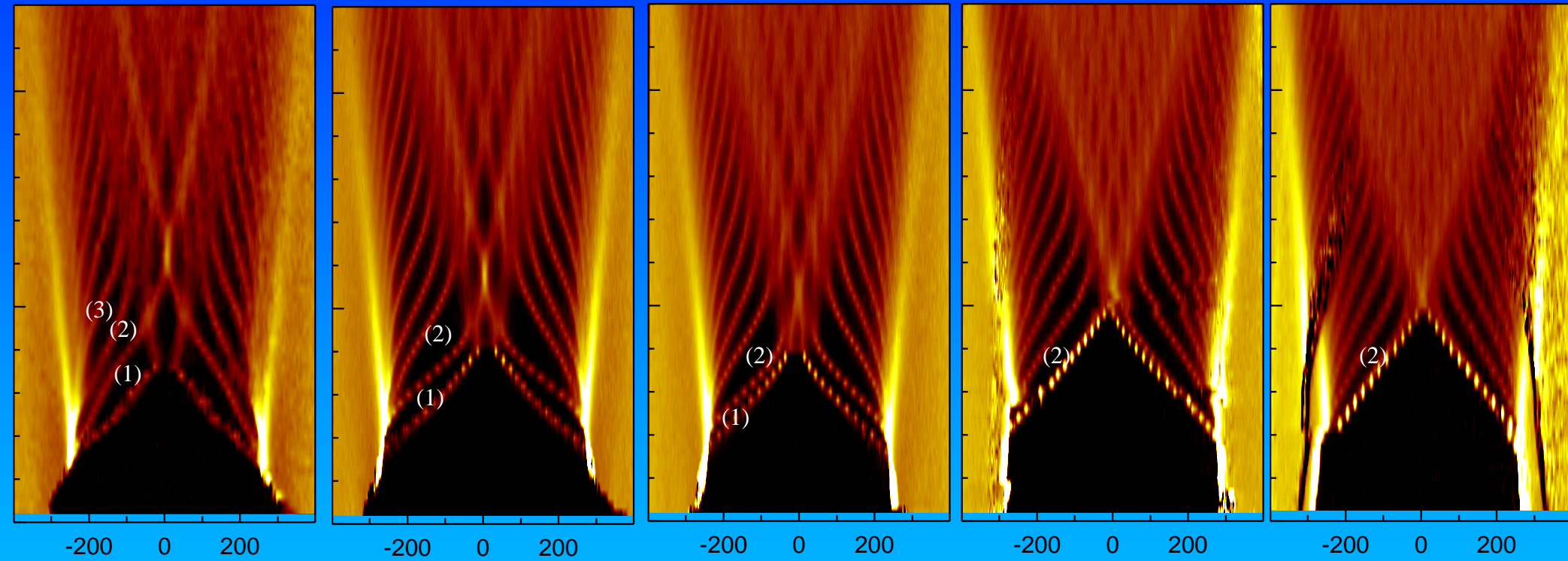
0 T

1.0 T

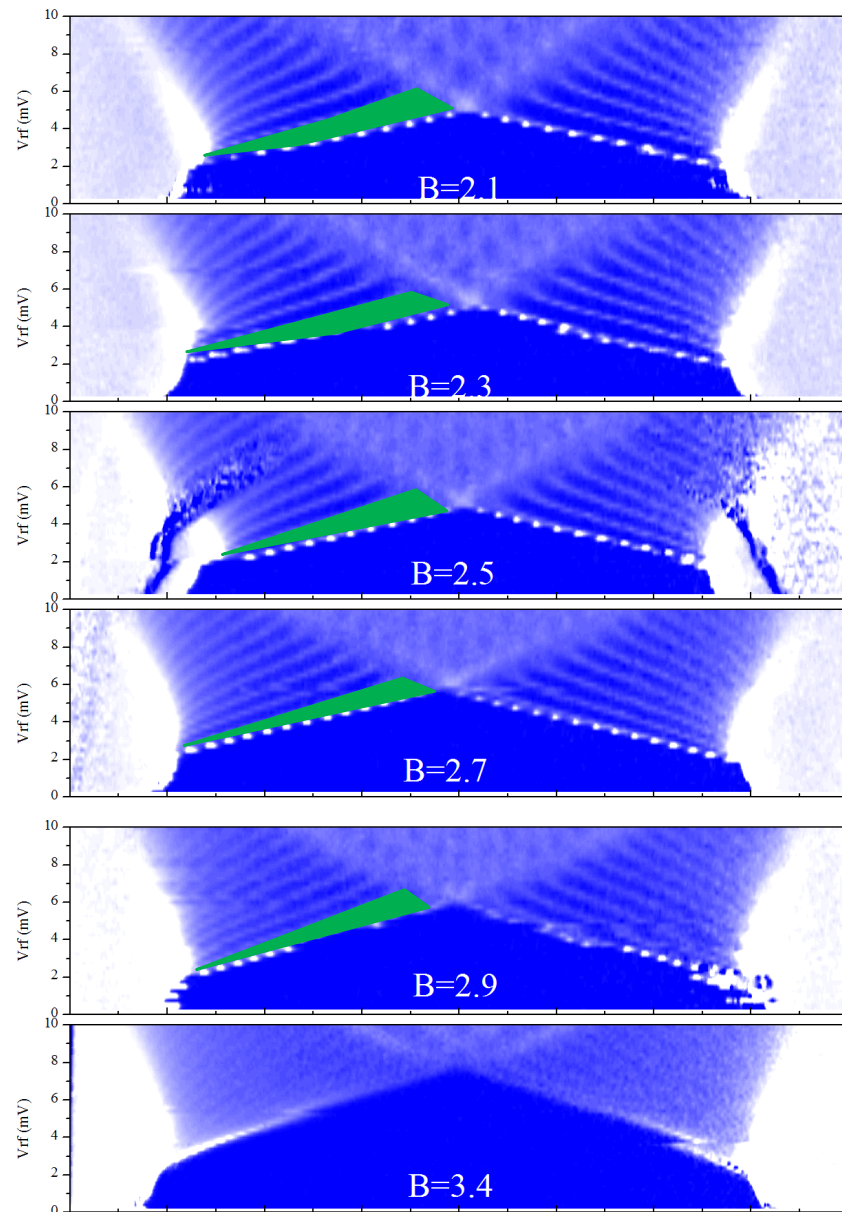
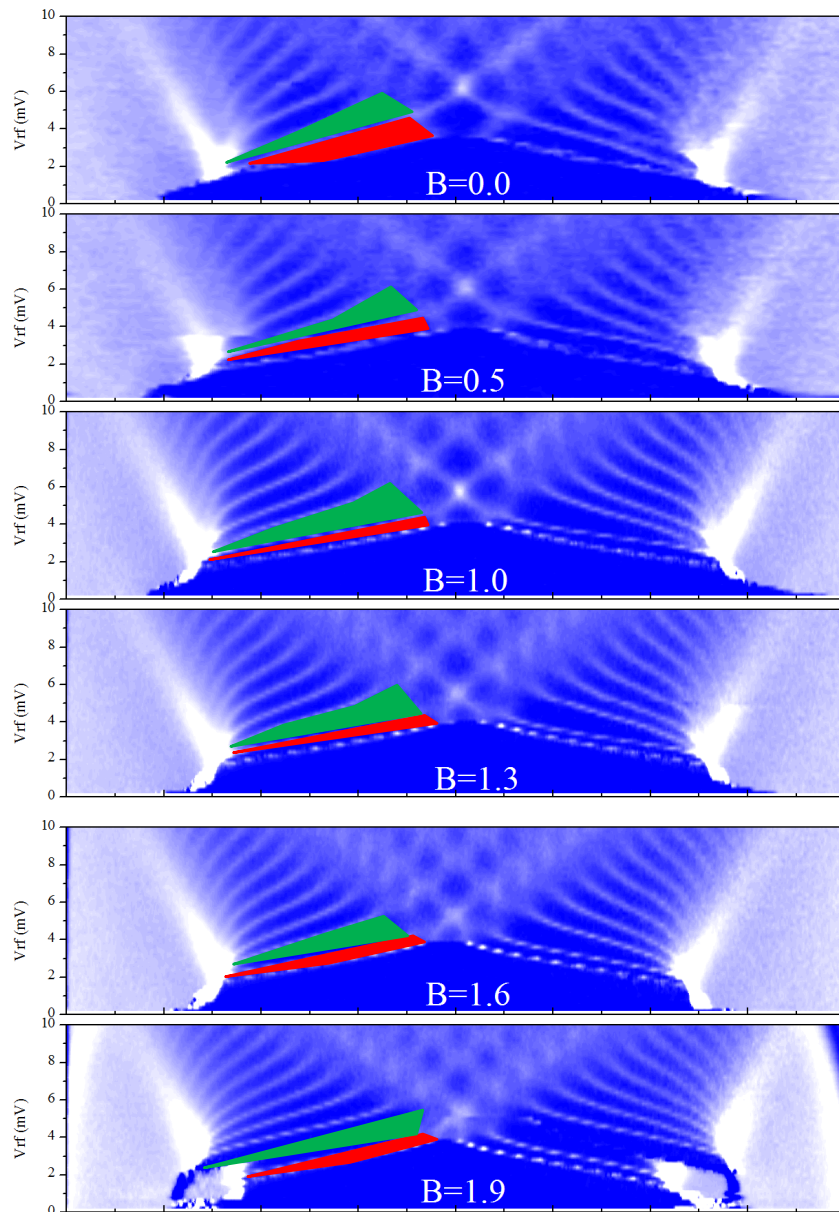
1.6 T

2.1 T

2.5 T



dV/dI vs B

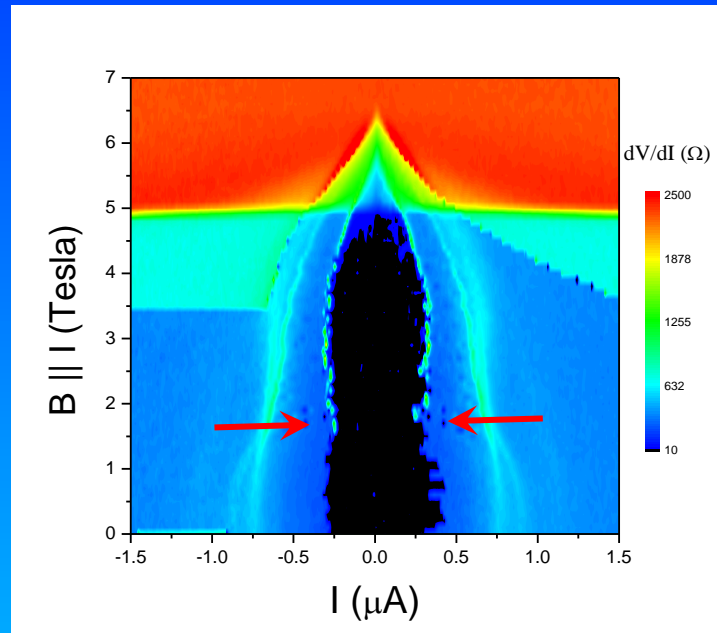


step @ $6 \mu\text{V}$

step @ $12 \mu\text{V}$

Gap closing at the quantum phase transition

reduction of the I_c at 2 Tesla:



gappless superconductivity?

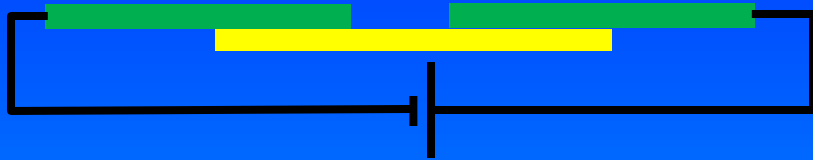
when density of gappless excitation
small compared to the gapped ones

$$\Delta = 0 \text{ but } I_c > 0$$

2π or 4π periodicity?

voltage bias

$$I(\varphi) = I_M \sin(\varphi/2) + I_C \sin(\varphi)$$



$$V(t) = V_0 + V_1 \cos(\omega_{act} t),$$

$$\varphi(t) = \varphi_0 + \omega_0 t + \frac{2eV_1}{\hbar} \sin(\omega_{act} t)$$

$$I_{\pm} = \pm \frac{e\Gamma}{2h} \sin(\Delta\varphi/2) - \frac{3e\Gamma^2}{16ht} \sin(\Delta\varphi)$$

I_M

I_C

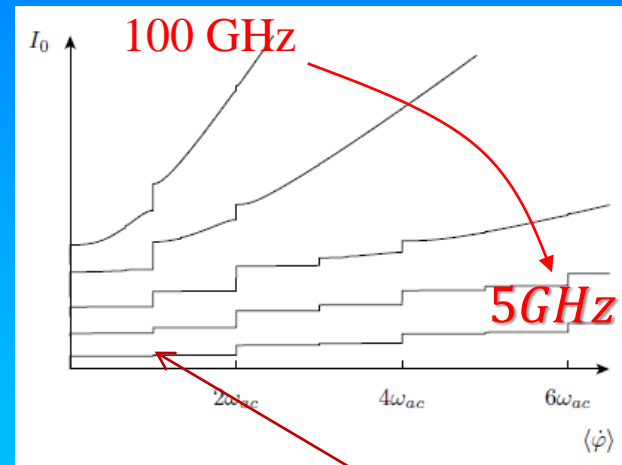
For $\Gamma \sim \Delta$ $I_M \sim I_C$

Lutchyn, Sau & das Sarma '10
Alicea, *et al*, '11

current bias



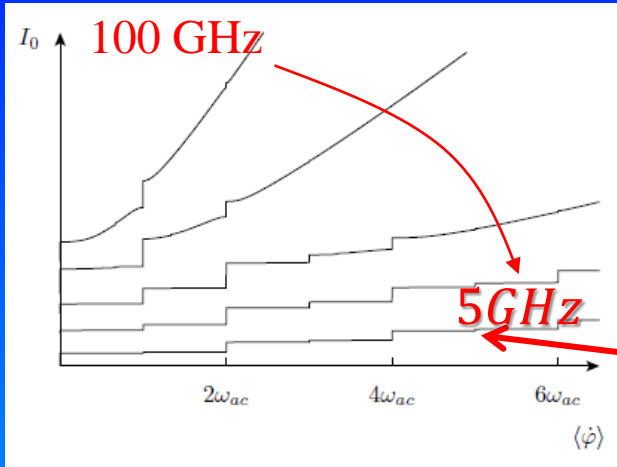
$$I_0 + I_1 \sin(\omega_{act} t) = I(\varphi(t)) + \frac{\hbar}{2eR} \dot{\varphi}(t).$$



no odd steps for

Domínguez, Hassler, and Platero, '12

current biased junction



$$I(\varphi) = I_M \sin(\varphi/2) + I_c \sin(\varphi)$$

simulations for $I_c = 10 I_M$

no odd steps for $\omega_{rf} < \frac{2eR_N I_M}{\hbar} \approx 5\text{GHz}$

even step width $\Delta I_n = A |J_n(\beta V_{rf})|$

theory: $A = I_c + I_M / \sqrt{2}$

estimate: $I_M \lesssim e / \hbar \Delta_{ind} \approx 25 \text{ nA}$

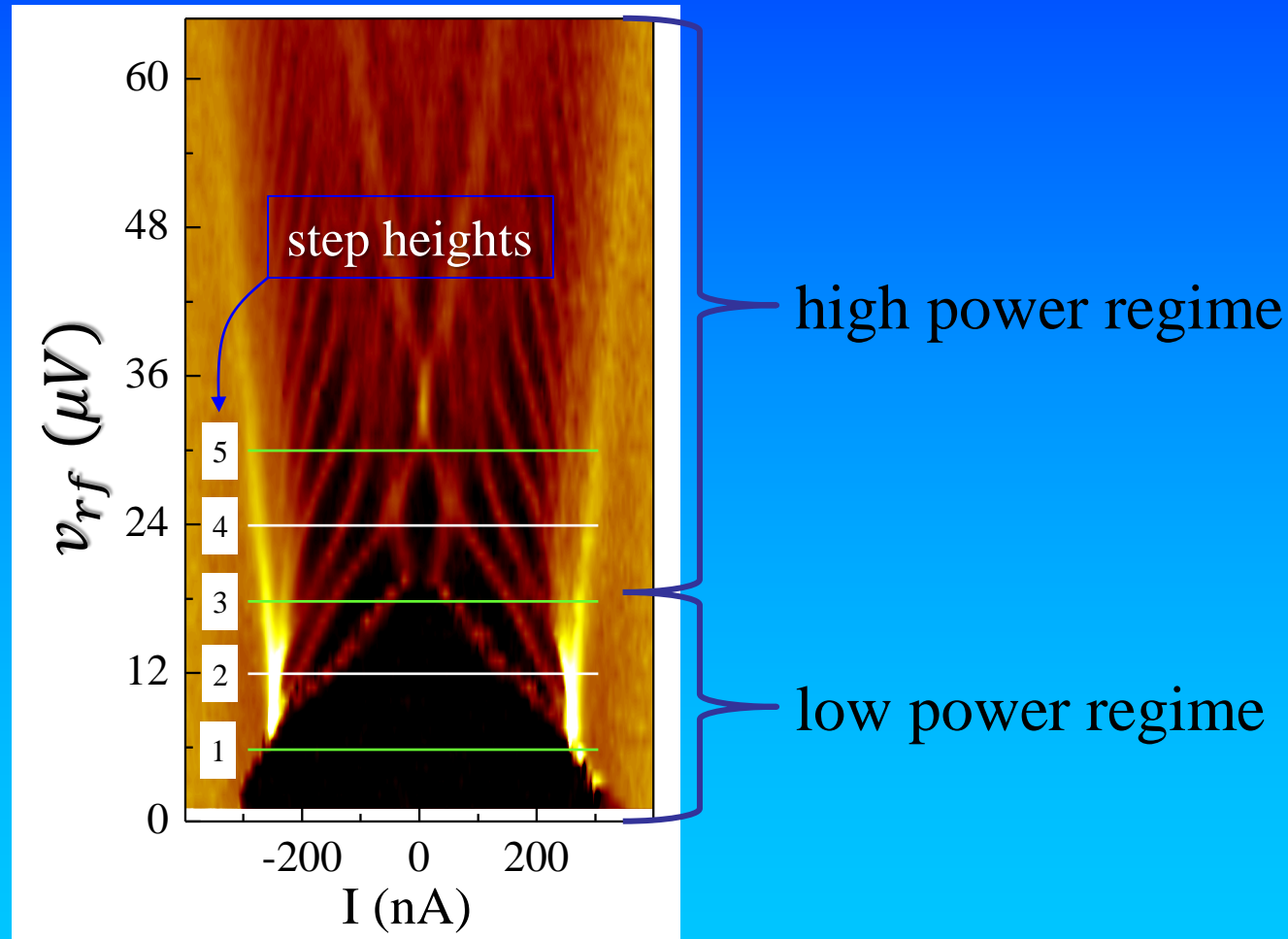
experiment: $A \approx 150 \text{ nA}$

consistent with wire size estimate (~ 5 modes)

Domínguez, Hassler, and Platero, PRB 86, 140503 (2012)

3-rd and higher odd steps

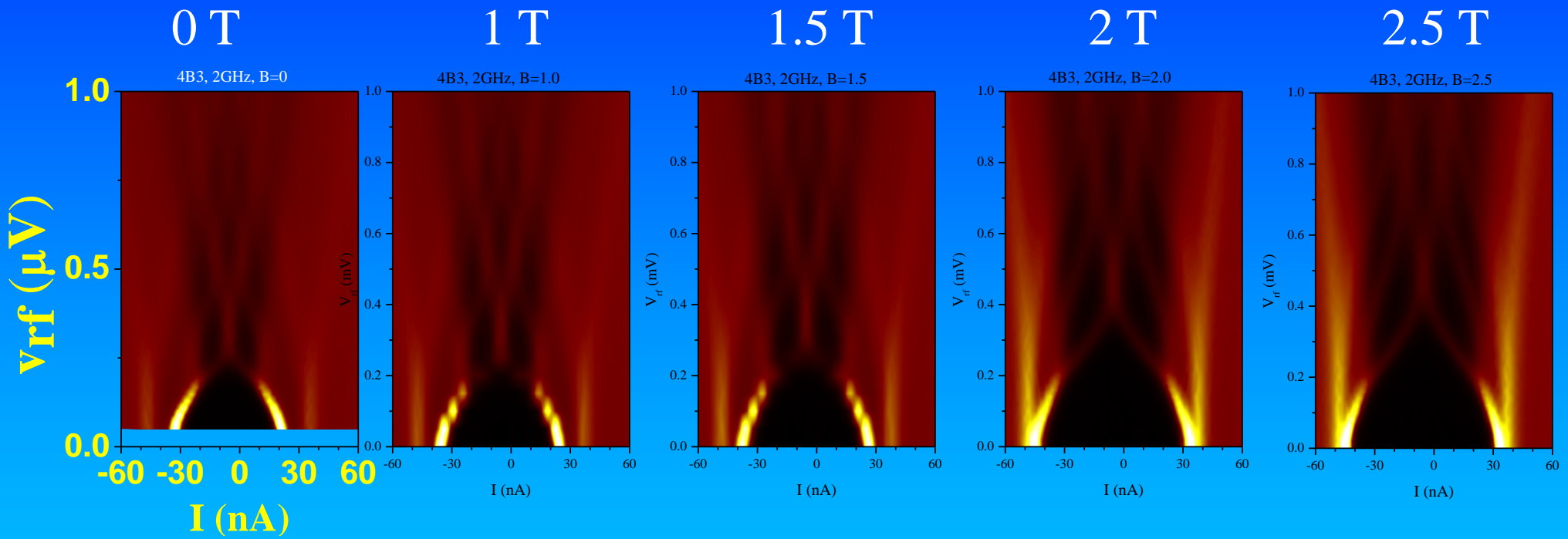
$$\Delta I_n = A \left| J_n \left(\frac{2ev_{rf}}{\hbar\omega_{rf}} \right) \right| \quad v_{rf} - \text{ac voltage on the junction}$$



2π periodicity restored in high power regime

Shapiro steps, different sample

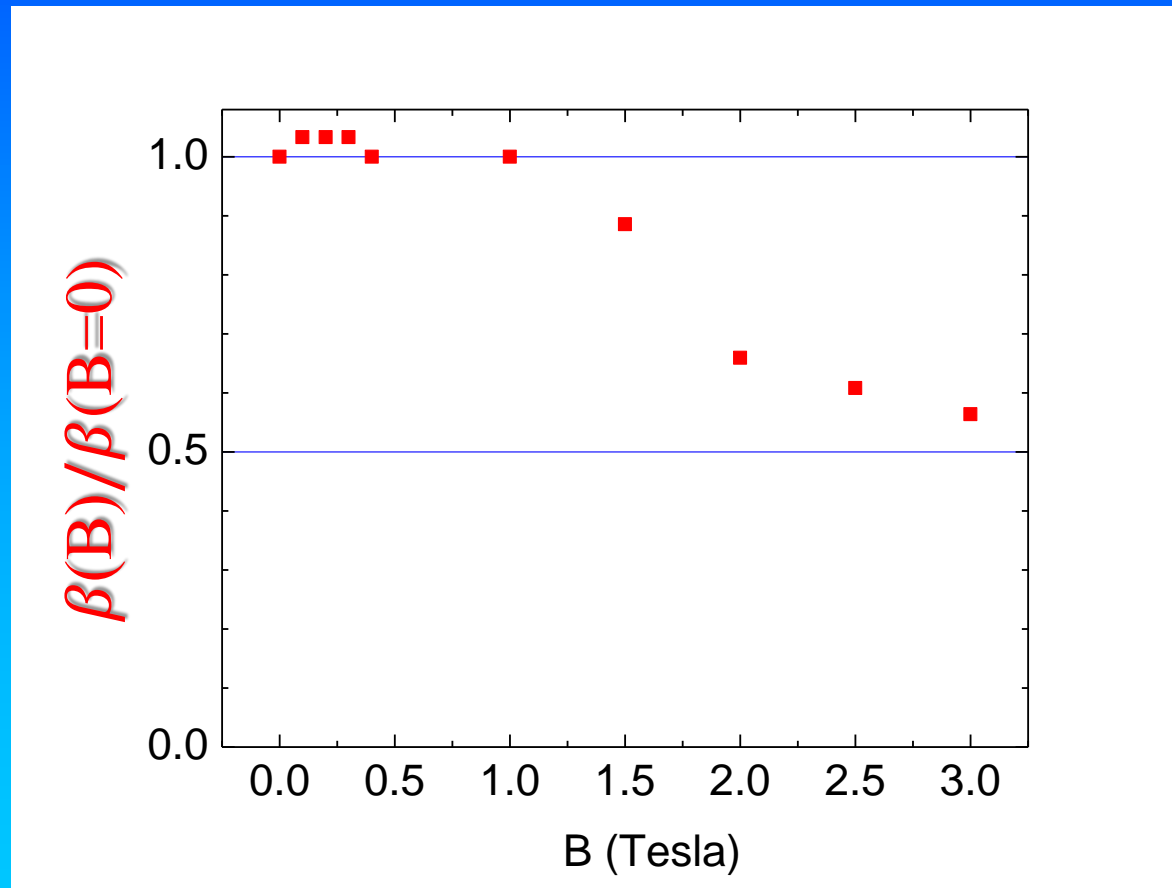
different sample & wafer (device 4B3), $T_C = 0.3$ K



low-high power transition @ $v_{rf} = 0.2 \mu$ V
first step @ 4μ V (2 GHz)
always at high power regime
all steps are visible

quasiparticle charge change?

$$\Delta I_n \propto |J_n(\beta V_{rf})| \quad \beta = \frac{2e\alpha V_{rf}}{\hbar\omega_{rf}}, \quad \alpha - \text{attenuation}$$



$$I_c = 30 \text{ nA}, \quad e/\hbar \Delta_{ind} \approx 6 \text{ nA}, \quad \sim 5 \text{ channels}$$

conclusions

- 1D Josephson junction Nb/InSb/Nb
- Excess current - evidence of Andreev reflection
- Observe Shapiro steps with 2π periodicity
- At high field first step disappears: 4π periodicity

arXiv: 1204.4212; Nature Physics 8, 795 (2012)

Signatures of Majorana Fermions in Hybrid Superconductor-Semiconductor Nanowire Devices

V. Mourik,^{1*} K. Zuo,^{1*} S. M. Frolov,¹ S. R. Plissard,² E. P. A. M. Bakkers,^{1,2} L. P. Kouwenhoven^{1†}

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Observation of the fractional ac Josephson effect: the signature of Majorana particles

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