

24 July 2008
S. Gukov

Surface Operators and Renormalization, II

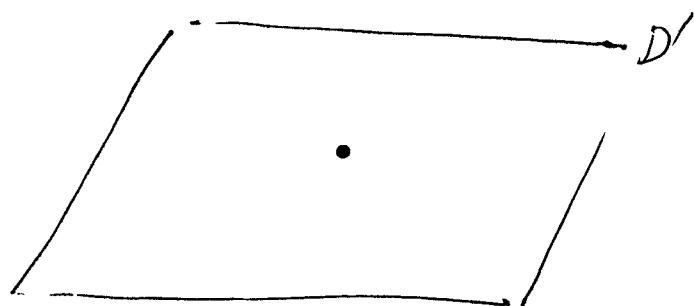
$$2+2=4$$

M 4-manifold

D 2-manifold

D' support of surf. op
normal bundle

$$D = \mathbb{R}^2 \subseteq \mathbb{R}^4$$



$$\mathbb{R}^4 = \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$\begin{matrix} \circlearrowleft & \circlearrowright \\ \text{so}(4) & \text{so}(2) \end{matrix}$$

$$F_A = dA + A \wedge A \quad 2\text{-form}$$

$$F_A = 2\pi\alpha' \delta + \dots \quad \langle \alpha \rangle = \begin{cases} e^{-s} (-) \\ (\cancel{\dots}) \end{cases}$$

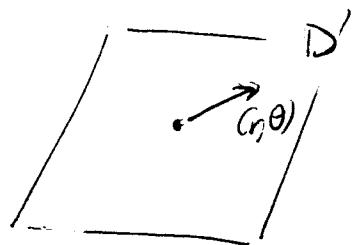
$$E_x \quad G = U(1)$$

$$\exp(i\eta \int_D F_A)$$

(2)

$\alpha, \eta \in [0, 1)$, continuous parameters

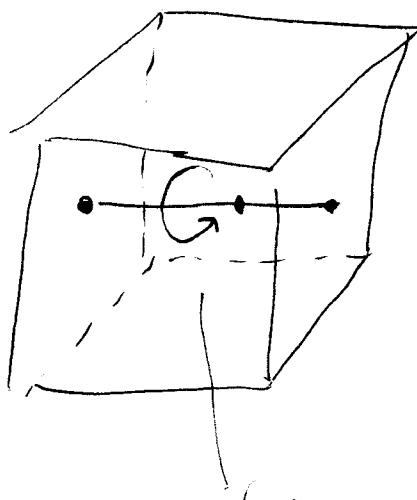
$$A = \alpha d\theta +$$



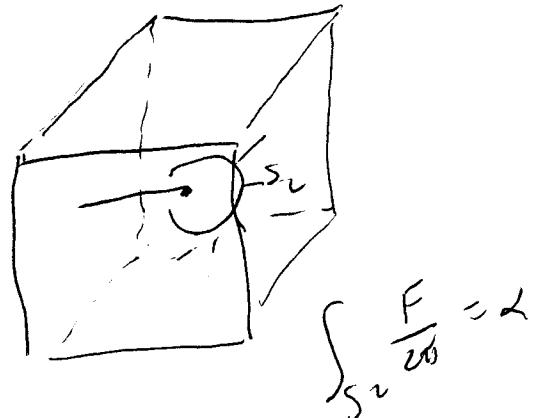
$$W_{\eta}(\gamma) = \exp(i\eta \int_{\gamma} A)$$

$$= \exp(i\eta \int_D F)$$

$$\gamma = 2D$$



$$\oint_S A = 2\pi\alpha$$



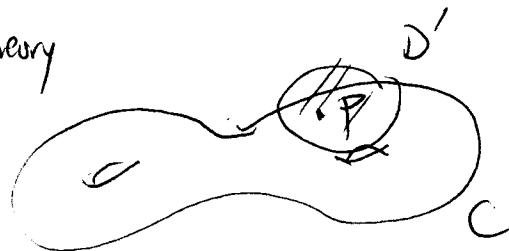
$$\oint_{S^1} \frac{F}{2\pi} = \alpha$$

S-duality

surface operators

$$(\alpha, \eta) \rightarrow (\eta, -\alpha)$$

$\mathcal{N}=4$ gauge theory



$$M = C \times \Sigma$$

on C : Hitchin eqs.

$$\begin{cases} F_A - \phi \wedge \phi = 0 \\ d_A \phi = 0, \quad d_A^* \phi = 0. \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{r d\theta}{r}$$

singularity: $A = \alpha d\theta + \dots$

(surface op) $\phi = \beta \frac{dr}{r} - \gamma d\theta + \dots$

↑
obey Hitchin eqs. $\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathfrak{t}$

$$\mathfrak{t} = \text{Lie}(\Pi)$$

$\Pi = \text{maximal torus of } G$.

$$W = \text{Weyl gp.} \Rightarrow \alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathfrak{t} \times \mathfrak{t} \times \mathfrak{t} / W$$

(9)

gauge transformation by a \mathbb{T} -valued function

$$f = \exp(i\theta \cdot u)$$

$$\alpha \rightarrow \alpha + u$$

$$u \in \Lambda_{\text{cochar}} \Rightarrow \alpha + \mathbb{H}/\Lambda_{\text{cochar}} = \mathbb{T}$$

~~$\exp(i\theta \cdot u)$~~

labeled by $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma) \in (\mathbb{T} \times \mathbb{H} \times \mathbb{H})/\mathbb{Z}_n$

along $D \subset M$,

$$G \rightarrow \mathbb{T}$$

\mathbb{T} -bundles over D are classified by $m \in \Lambda_{\text{cochar}} = \text{Hom}(U(1), \mathbb{T})$

$$\eta \in \text{Hom}(\Lambda_{\text{cochar}}, U(1)) = {}^L\mathbb{T} = {}^L\mathbb{H}/\Lambda_{\text{char}}$$

$$\exp(i\eta^d)$$

$$(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \eta) \in (\mathbb{T} \times \mathbb{H} \times \mathbb{H} \times {}^L\mathbb{T})/\mathbb{Z}_n$$

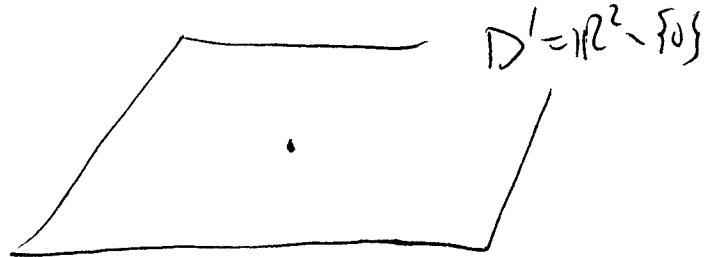
↑ ↗
S-duality

Ex $G = SU(2)$

$$\mathbb{T} = U(1)$$

$$\begin{cases} A = a(r) d\theta + b(r) \frac{dr}{r} \\ \phi = b(r) \frac{dr}{r} - c(r) d\theta \end{cases}$$

$b=0$ by gauge choice



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a(r) \rightarrow \alpha \\ b(r) \rightarrow \beta \\ c(r) \rightarrow \gamma \end{array} \right. \quad r \rightarrow 0$$

$$\alpha = 0, \beta = 0, \gamma = 0$$

if we set $S = -\ln r$

Hitchins eqns \leadsto Nahm's eqns

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{da}{ds} = [b, c] \\ \frac{db}{ds} = [c, a] \\ \frac{dc}{ds} = [a, b] \end{array} \right.$$

i) trivial solution $a(s) = b(s) = c(s) \Rightarrow$

ii) non-trivial solution

$$a = \frac{-1}{S+f} R^T J_1 R \quad J_B = \{J_y, J_z\} \text{ etc}$$

$$b = \frac{-1}{S+f} R^T J_2 R$$

$$c = \frac{-1}{S+f} R^T J_3 R$$

$$f \in \mathbb{R}_+ \quad R \in SO(3)$$

(6)

$$M_{\text{H.F.}}(\text{SU}(2), C_{\text{ram}}) \quad C = \boxed{\cdot}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^4/\mathbb{Z}_2 \cong \mathbb{C}^2/\mathbb{Z}_2$$

$$\mathbb{R}^4/\mathbb{Z}_2 \cong \mathbb{C}^2/\mathbb{Z}_2 \text{ is nilpotent cone for } G_{\mathbb{C}} = \text{SU}(2, \mathbb{C})$$

deformation / resulting hyperkähler

$$H^2 // U(1) \quad \vec{\mu} = (\alpha, \beta, \gamma)$$

$$\mathbb{C}^2/\mathbb{Z}_2 \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{E} \cong T^*\mathbb{CP}^1$$

$$\left[\frac{\omega_I}{2\pi} \right] = \alpha \quad \left[\frac{\omega_J}{2\pi} \right] = \beta \quad \left[\frac{\omega_K}{2\pi} \right] = \gamma \quad \left[\frac{B}{2\pi} \right] = \eta$$