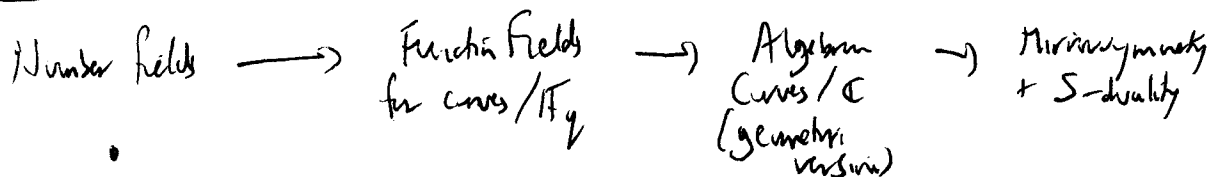


23 July 2008
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Introduction to the Langlands Program, III

Langlands correspondence



Taniyama-Shimura-Weil
(led to proof of Fermat's
Last Thm) - special case
of L.C. for $G_{\mathbb{Q}}$

$\mathbb{Q} \rightsquigarrow$ field of rational functions on X - Smooth projective curve / \mathbb{F}_q

$\left[\mathbb{F}_q \text{ - finite field with } q \text{ elements, } q = p^n, p \text{ prime} \right]$
 $\mathbb{F}_q = \{0, 1, \dots, p-1\}$

e.g. $X = \mathbb{P}^1$. $F = \mathbb{F}_q(\mathbb{P}^1) = \left\{ \frac{P(t)}{Q(t)} \mid P, Q \text{ - relatively prime polynomials over } \mathbb{F}_q \right\}$

$\mathbb{Q} \approx$ rat. functs on $2, 3, 5, 7, \dots, \infty$

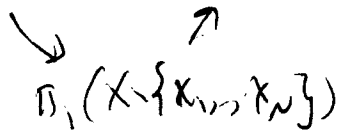
\bar{F} - separable closure of F

$\text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F)$ - group of automorphisms of \bar{F} preserving F

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} n\text{-dimensional} \\ \text{irreducible representation} \\ \text{of } \text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) \end{array} \right\}$

$$\text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) = \varprojlim_N \pi_1^{\text{ét}}(X - \{x_1, \dots, x_N\})$$

$$\text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\bar{Q}_\ell) \quad (\chi_p) = 1$$



ramified at x_1, \dots, x_N

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} n\text{-dim mod. rep} \\ \text{of } \text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) \end{array} \right\} \longleftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{irreducible } n\text{-dimensional } \text{ét} \\ \text{representation of } \text{GL}_n(\bar{A}_F) \end{array} \right\}$

 here $\text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) \rightarrow \text{GL}_n(\bar{Q}_\ell)$

 $G(\bar{A}_F)$ (reductive group)

(complex)

Thm (Drinfeld $n=2$, Lafforgue $n>2$)

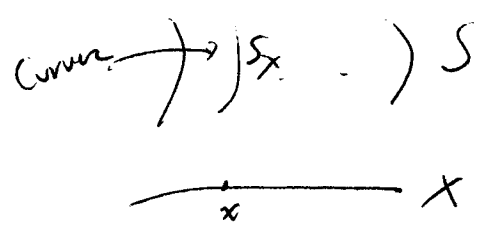
$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Frobenius eigenvalues, } \text{Fr}_x \\ \text{for all but finitely many } x \in X \end{array} \right\}$

 $\left\{ \text{Hecke eigenvalues} \right\}$

We looked at elliptic curve E/\mathbb{Q}

 $E \rightarrow$ 2-dim Galois rep.

Surface, which is a fibration over X



$$H_{\text{ét}}^i(S_x, \bar{Q}_\ell) \text{ - rep of } \text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F).$$

$$A_F := \overline{\Pi}^1 (\text{completion of } F)$$

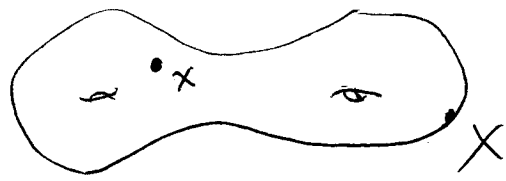
Number fields

$F = \mathbb{Q}$, completion
= primes + ∞

Function field

$$F = \mathbb{F}_q(X)$$

Completion = points of X



$$F \hookrightarrow \mathbb{F}_q((t_x)) \text{ - formal Laurent power series}$$
$$\parallel$$
$$\mathbb{F}_x$$

$$X = \mathbb{P}^1$$

points: $\infty \parallel A^1$

A^1 - spec $\mathbb{F}_q[t]$

points = irred. poly

$$\mathbb{F}_q[t]/I_x \cong \mathbb{F}_{q^x}$$

$$x = \text{deg of poly defining } I_x$$

$$A_F = \prod_{x \in X} \mathbb{F}_x = \left\{ (f_x)_{x \in X} : f_x \in \mathcal{O}_x \text{ for all but finitely many points} \right\}$$

$$\mathbb{F}_x \cong \mathcal{O}_x = \text{formal Taylor series } \mathbb{F}_q[[t_x]]$$

$$\text{Fun} \left(\begin{matrix} GL_n(A_F) \\ GL_n(F) \end{matrix} \right) \hookrightarrow GL_n(A_F)$$

π is an automorphic rep if it occurs in this space.

$$[\text{irreducible}] \longleftrightarrow [\text{cuspidal}]$$

if π is irreducible.

$$\pi = \bigotimes_{x \in X} \pi_x \quad \text{with} \quad \pi_x \in GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x)$$

$$GL_n(A_F) = \prod_{x \in X} GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x)$$

$$GL_n(A_F) = \prod_{x \in X} GL_n(F_x)$$

$$GL_n(F_x) \cong GL_n(K_x)$$

$$\forall x, \pi_x \exists K_x \subseteq GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x) \text{ st. } \dim \pi_x^{K_x} = 1.$$

$K_x \subseteq GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x)$ for almost all $x \in X$, more precisely, for $x \notin \{x_1, \dots, x_N\}$

(if $x = x_i$, $\dim \pi_x^{GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x)} = 0$ and we need to take K_x to be smaller)

Say that $\sigma = \text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) \rightarrow GL_n$ is unramified if $\{x \mapsto x_v\} = \emptyset$

ie.
$$\begin{matrix} \text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) & \rightarrow & GL_n \\ \downarrow & \uparrow & \\ & \pi_v(x) & \end{matrix}$$

} K_x unramified

The corresponding π will have $K_x = GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x) \forall x \in X$

Tame ramification: Grothendieck-Witt

Focus on unramified case:

$$\dim \pi_x GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x) = 1.$$

$$GL_n(\mathcal{O}_F) = \prod_{x \in X} GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x)$$

$$\dim \prod GL_n(\mathcal{O}) = 1.$$

$\mathbb{V} \longrightarrow$ function on $\frac{GL_n(\mathcal{O}_F)}{GL_n(\mathcal{O})} / GL_n(\mathcal{O})$

Lemme (A. Weil)

$\frac{GL_n(\mathcal{O}_F)}{GL_n(\mathcal{O})} / GL_n(\mathcal{O})$ is the set of isomorphism classes of rank n vector bundles on X .

$$\frac{GL_n(\mathcal{O}_F)}{GL_n(\mathcal{O})} \cong \frac{GL_n(\mathcal{O}_F)}{\prod_{x \in X} GL_n(\mathcal{O}_x)} \times \prod_{i=1}^N K_{x_i}$$

$$K_{x_i} = \text{Iwahori} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathfrak{o}_x & & \\ & \mathfrak{o}_x & \\ & & \ddots \\ & & & \mathfrak{o}_x \end{pmatrix}$$

principal G -bundles